### **Letter to Editor**

## **Endoscopic Ultrasound Detection of Active Bleeding During Endoscopic Transmural Drainage of Walled-Off Necrosis**

#### Sir,

A 37-year-old male presented with abdominal pain, early satiety, and palpable upper abdominal lump of 3 weeks duration. He was diagnosed with alcohol-related necrotizing pancreatitis 4 months ago. Computed tomography of the abdomen revealed a large, walled-off necrosis (WON) compressing the stomach along with splenic vein thrombosis. Endoscopic ultrasound (EUS) revealed large walled-off pancreatic necrosis along with multiple perigastric collaterals. Under EUS guidance, avoiding collaterals, the WON was punctured using 19G needle and thereafter, a 0.035-inch guidewire was coiled inside WON, and the transmural tract was dilated over the wire using 8 mm dilating hydrostatic balloon under EUS guidance [Figure 1]. Following dilatation, a spurt of echogenic contents was observed from the dilated site [Figure 2a; arrows]. On active suction, fresh blood was aspirated from the biopsy channel of the echoendoscope. Immediately, a biflanged fully covered self-expanding metallic stent (total length 3 cm; diameter 16 mm, and diameter of flanges: 28 mm) was placed across the transmural tract. On the opening of the internal flange of the stent and consequent tamponade, the bleeding stopped immediately, as evident by cessation of spurting echogenic contents on EUS [Figure 2b]. Post-procedure patient remained asymptomatic, and there was no recurrence of bleed.

Postendoscopic transmural drainage bleeding may be minor that stops spontaneously or may require endoscopic interventions or angioembolization or surgery. Traditional endoscopic hemostatic interventions are technically difficult in postcystogastrostomy bleed because of difficulty in localizing the site of bleed. Various hemostatic methods used for controlling such bleed described in the literature are the placement of metallic stents, angiography, and embolization, endoscopic glue injection or clip application after visualization of bleeding vessel, and endoscopic hemospray application.<sup>[1,2]</sup> Fully covered self-expandable metal stent can promote hemostasis by providing mechanical tamponade effect and have been shown to be effective in stopping postcystogastrostomy bleed.<sup>[1]</sup>

#### **Declaration of patient consent**

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The authors certify that they have obtained all appropriate patient consent forms. In the form the patient(s) has/have



**Figure 1:** Endoscopic ultrasound: The transmural tract being dilated over the wire using 8 mm dilating hydrostatic balloon under endoscopic ultrasound guidance



**Figure 2:** (a) Endoscopic ultrasound: Spurt of echogenic contents being observed from the dilated site. (b) Endoscopic ultrasound: bi-flanged fully covered self-expanding metallic stent being deployed leading to cessation of bleeding

given his/her/their consent for his/her/their images and other clinical information to be reported in the journal. The patients understand that their names and initials will not be published and due efforts will be made to conceal their identity, but anonymity cannot be guaranteed.

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#### **Conflicts of interest**

There are no conflicts of interest.

Surinder Singh Rana, Ravi Sharma, Rajesh Gupta<sup>1</sup>

Departments of Gastroenterology and <sup>1</sup>Surgery, Postgraduate Institute of Medical Education and Research, Chandigarh, India Address for correspondence: Dr. Surinder Singh Rana, Department of Gastroenterology, Postgraduate Institute of Medical Education and Research, Chandigarh - 160 012, India. E-mail: drsurinderrana@yahoo.co.in

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