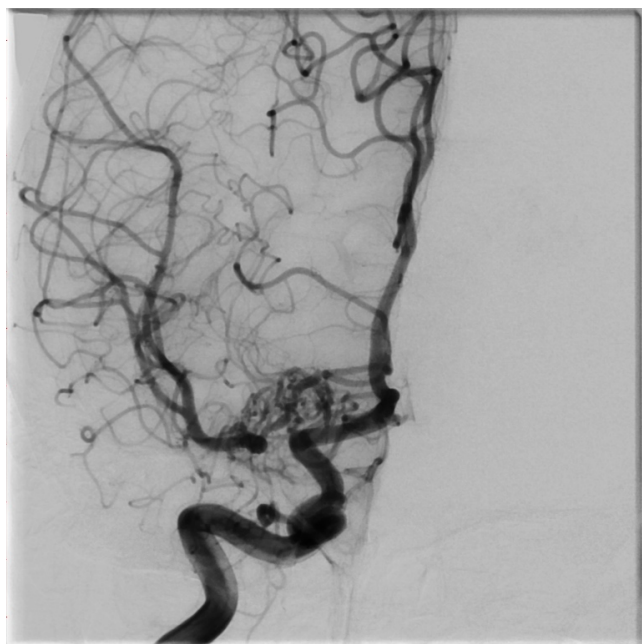


# Rete middle cerebral artery: a rare variant

## Artéria cerebral média rete: uma variante rara

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A 29-year-old female presenting migraine-like headaches was found to have irregular vessels resembling a moyamoya<sup>1</sup> pattern involving the right middle cerebral artery (MCA). A digital cerebral angiography revealed the absence of a normal right M1 segment, with a tangle of serpiginous vessels connecting the carotid termination to a normal distal M1 (Figure 1). This structure is different from a moyamoya pattern and is likely related to the persistence of a fetal arterial network that eventually became the MCA main trunk<sup>2</sup> (Figures 2 to 4). This rare, so-called rete MCA pattern is a normal variant and should be recognized as such to avoid unnecessary interventions<sup>3</sup>.



**Figure 1.** Right internal carotid angiogram showing the absence of a normal middle cerebral artery with a rete pattern of vessels connecting the carotid termination to a normal distal M1.



**Figure 2.** (A) 3D-rendered angiographic image in frontal view demonstrating contributions from the anterior cerebral artery (curved arrow) to the tangle of vessels reconstituting the distal M1 segment. (B) Lateral view of the same 3D image indicating the contribution of the anterior choroidal artery complex to the distal M1.



**Figure 3.** Multiplanar reconstruction of rotational angiography showing the presence of lenticulostriate arteries (arrow) arising from the anomalous proximal rete middle cerebral artery.

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**Figure 4.** Frontal view of a vertebrobasilar angiogram demonstrating pial collaterals contributing to temporal and parietal vascular territories.

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