Z. S. HAN\* ET AL. (BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM PHARMACEUTICALS, RIDGEFIELD, USA; BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM PHARMA GMBH, BIBERACH/RISS AND INGELHEIM, GERMANY) Facile Entry to an Efficient and Practical Enantioselective Synthesis of a Polycyclic Cholesteryl Ester Transfer Protein Inhibitor

Org. Lett. 2014, 16, 4142-4145.

## Synthesis of a CETP Inhibitor

**Significance:** The target molecule is a cholesteryl ester transfer protein (CETP) inhibitor that is of interest for the treatment of atherosclerosis. Key steps in the synthesis depicted are (1) a highly efficient Hantzsch reaction leading to pyridine  $\mathbf{I}$ , (2) an enantioselective reduction of the highly hindered ketone  $\mathbf{F}$  using (1R,2S)-1-amino-2-indanol as a chiral chaperone and (3) a diastereoselective hydrogenation of the lactol  $\mathbf{K}$ .

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**Comment:** The asymmetric hydrogenation of ketone **F** using 0.01 mol% of the proprietary catalyst RuCl<sub>2</sub>(MeO-BIBOP)–(Ampy) (S. Rodríguez et al. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2014**, *356*, 301) in isopropanol under 300 psi  $H_2$  afforded **H** in 90% yield and with er > 99:1. The scale of the reaction is not specified nor is a detailed experimental procedure provided, whereas scale and experimental details are provided for the borane reduction depicted.

Category

Synthesis of Natural Products and Potential Drugs

**Key words** 

**CETP** inhibitors

Hantzsch pyridine synthesis

asymmetric ketone reduction

diastereoselective lactol hydrogenation

