

Supporting Information

for DOI: 10.1055/s-0040-1707387

© 2020. Thieme. All rights reserved.

Georg Thieme Verlag KG, Rüdigerstraße 14, 70469 Stuttgart, Germany

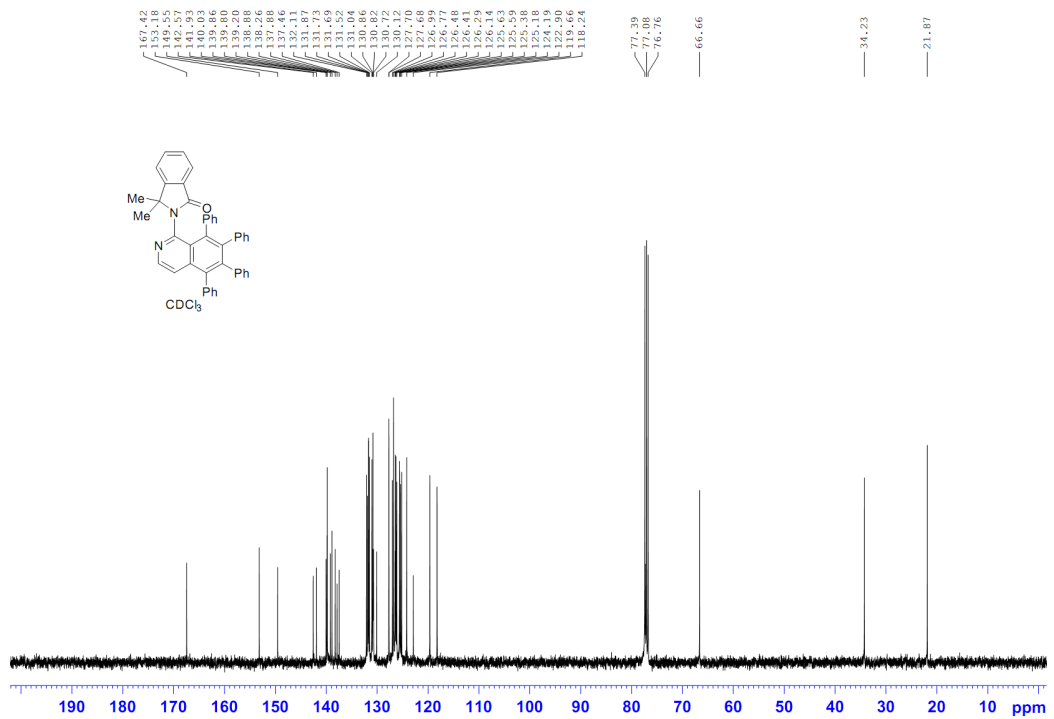
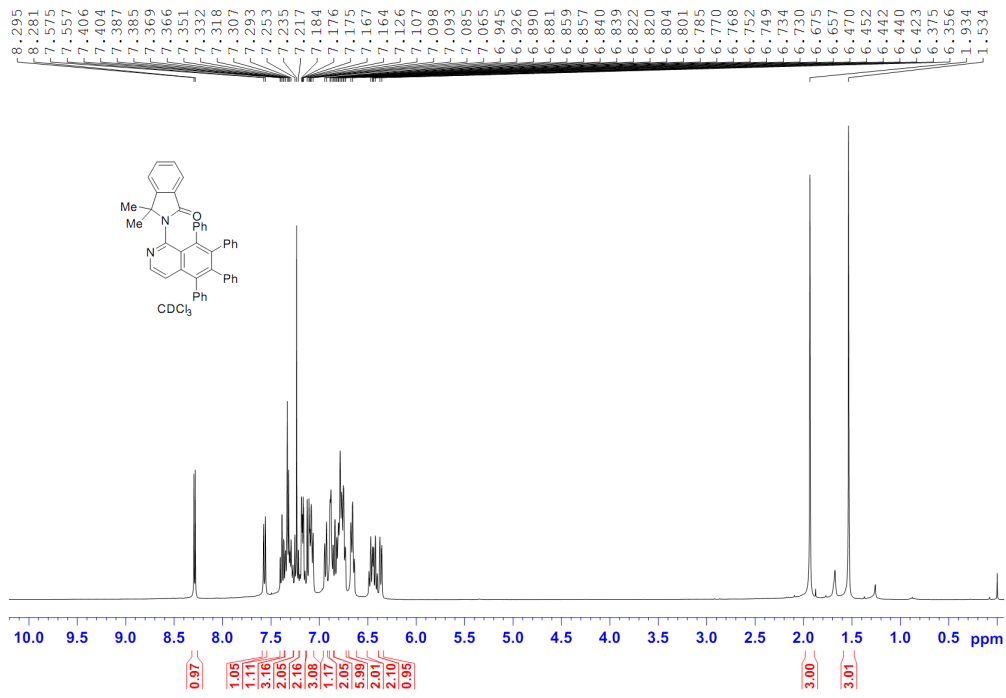
Supporting Information

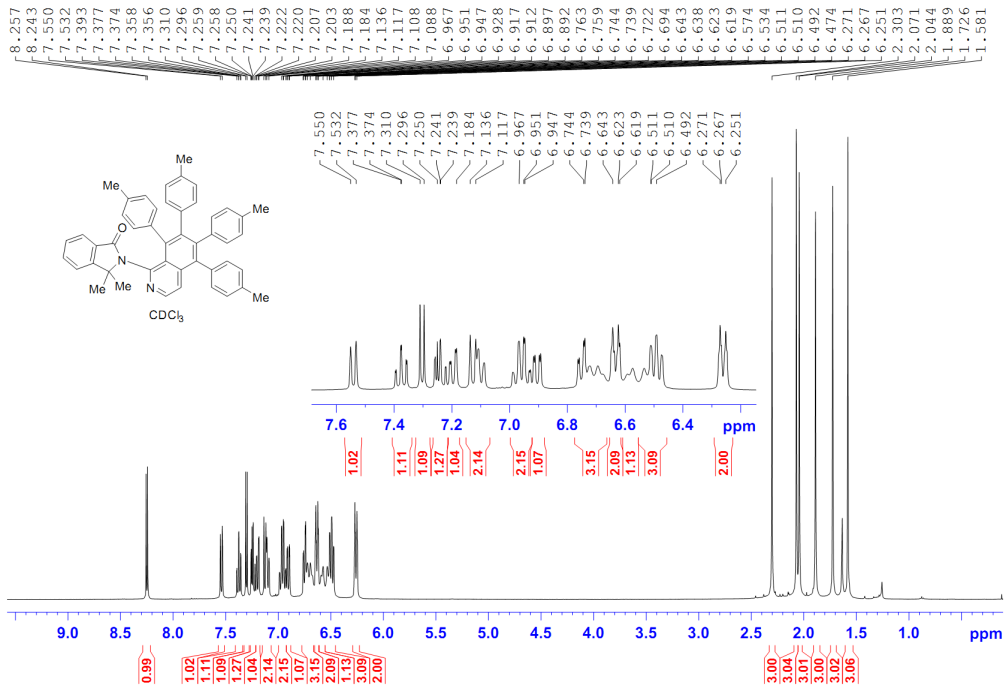
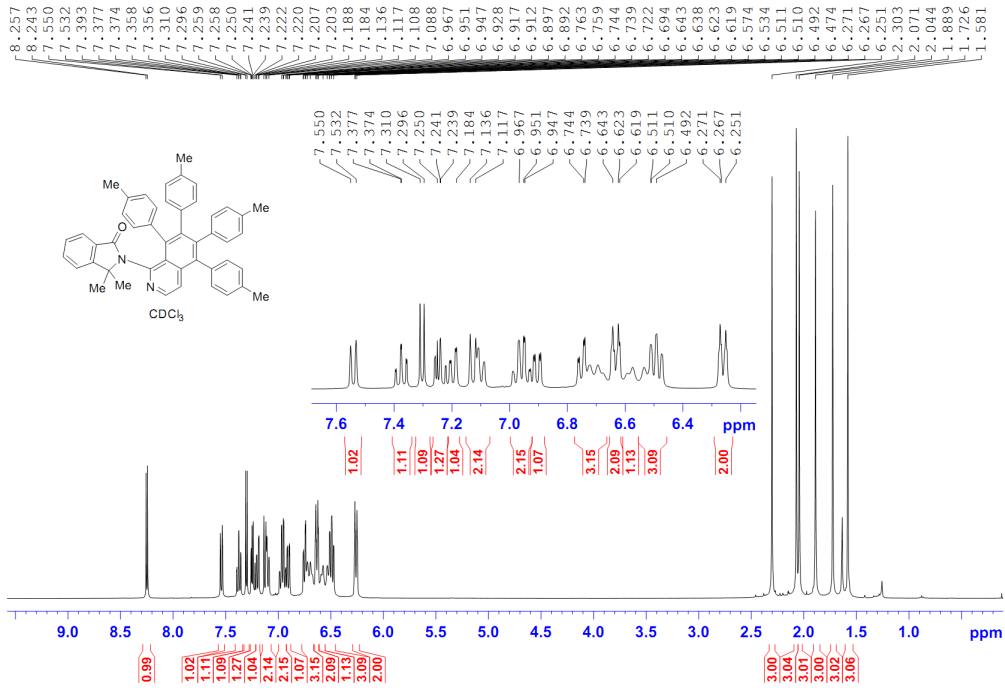
Efficient Access to Isoquinolines via Rhodium-Catalyzed Oxidative Annulation of Pyridyl C-H Bonds Directed by the Carbonyl with Internal Alkyne

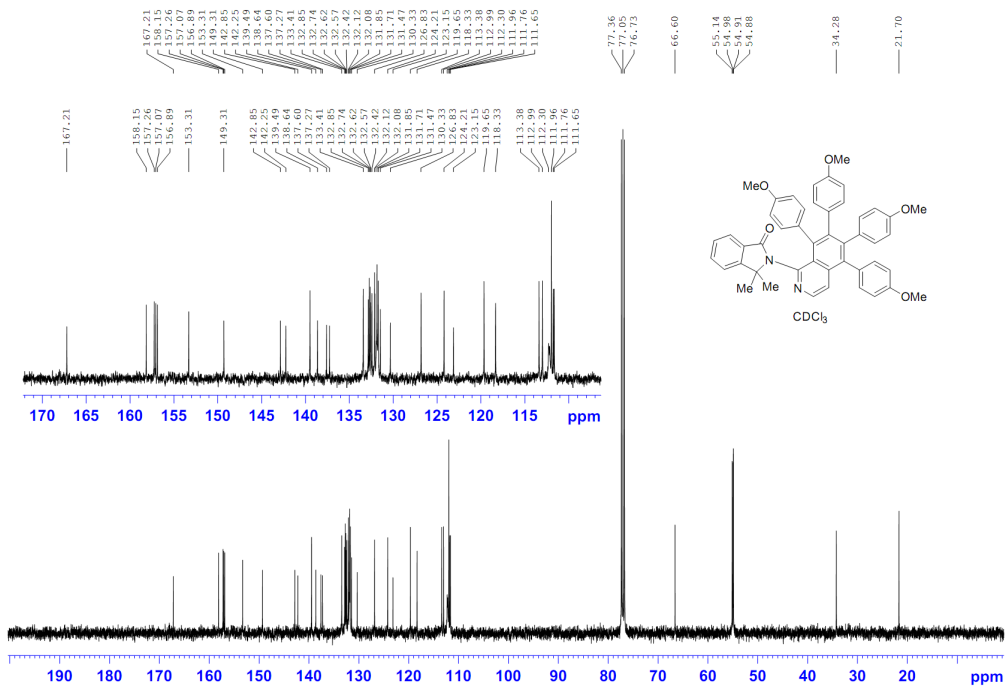
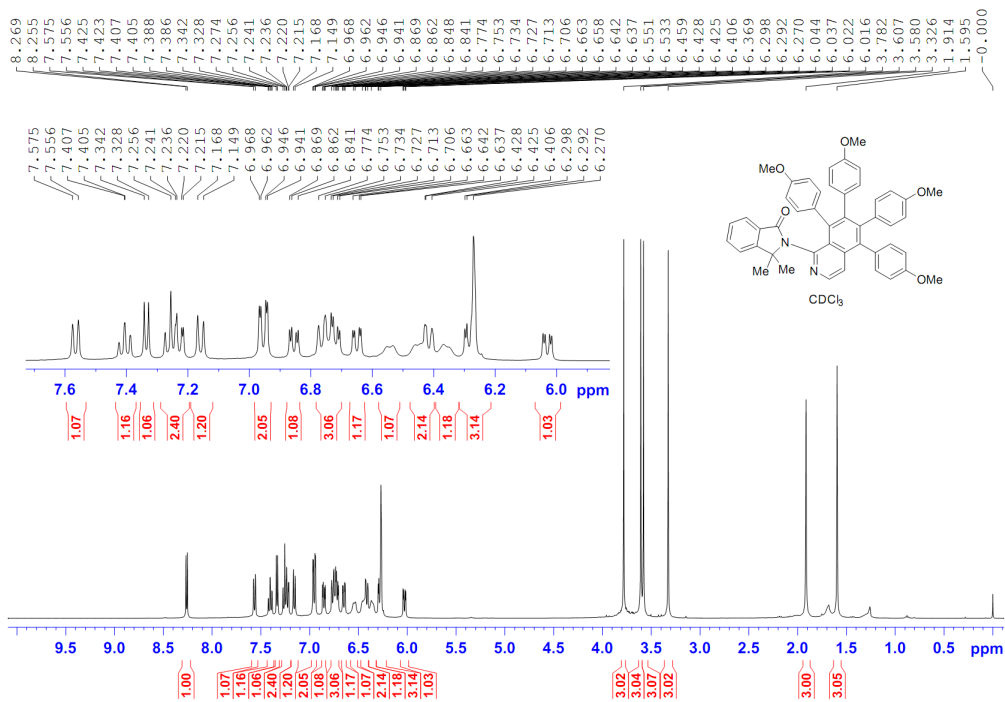
Lijun Shi^{ab}, Mingshan Wena, Fuwei Li^{a*}

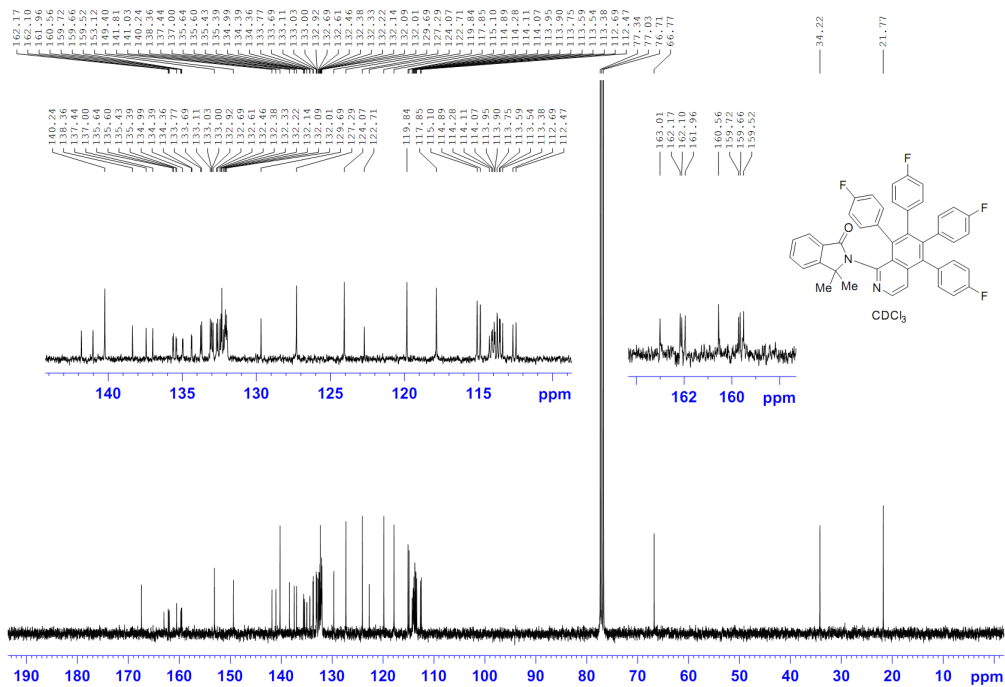
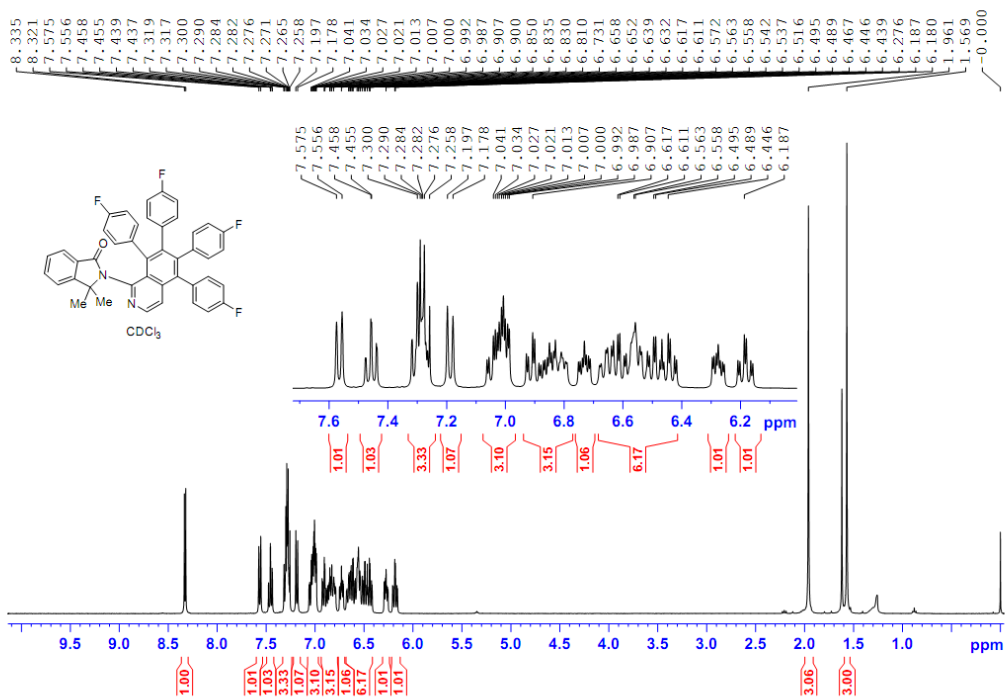
^aState Key Laboratory for Oxo Synthesis and Selective Oxidation, Suzhou Research Institute of LICP, Lanzhou Institute of Chemical Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Lanzhou 730000, China.

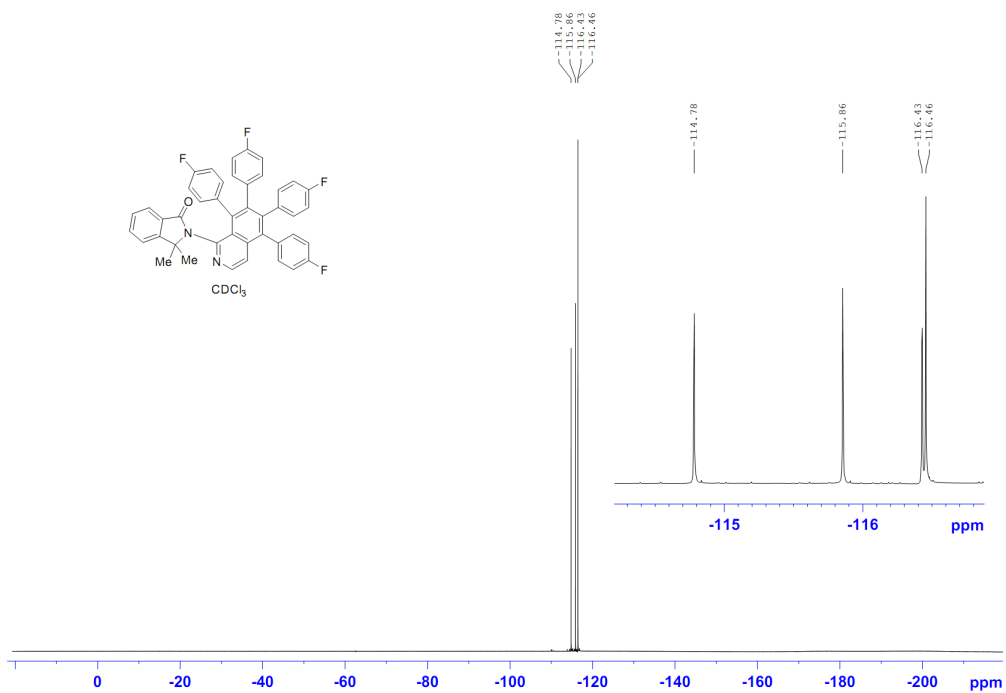
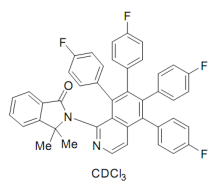
^bUniversity of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China.

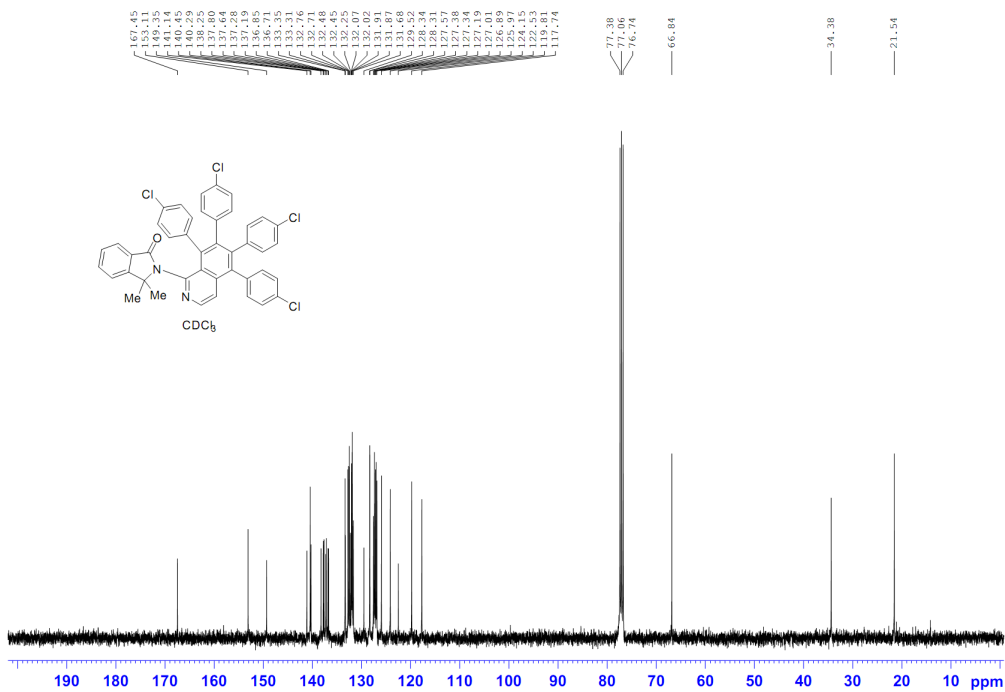
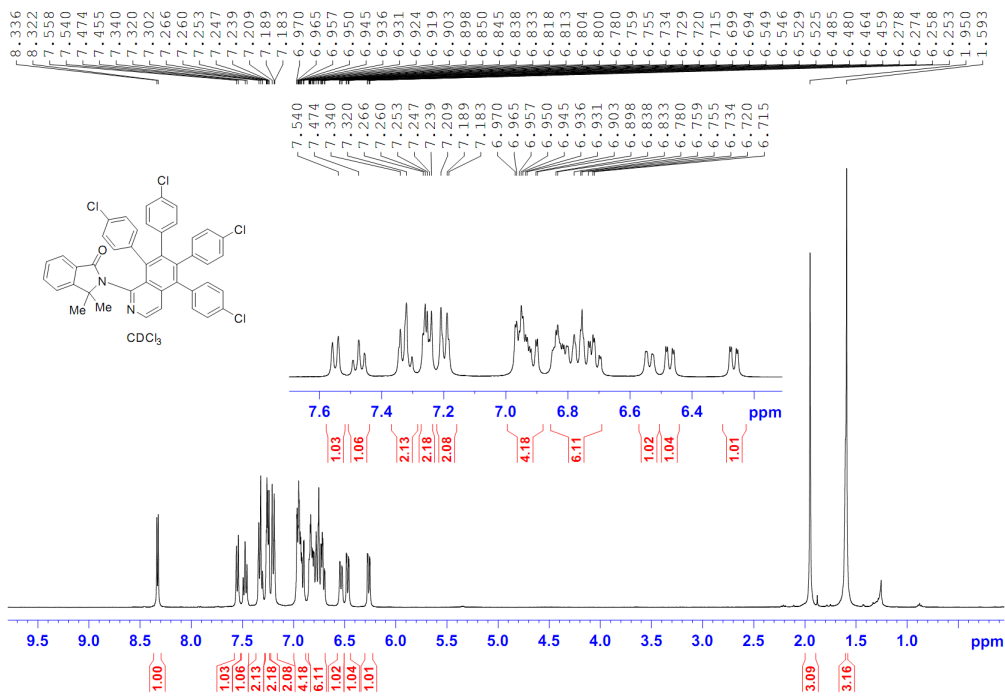


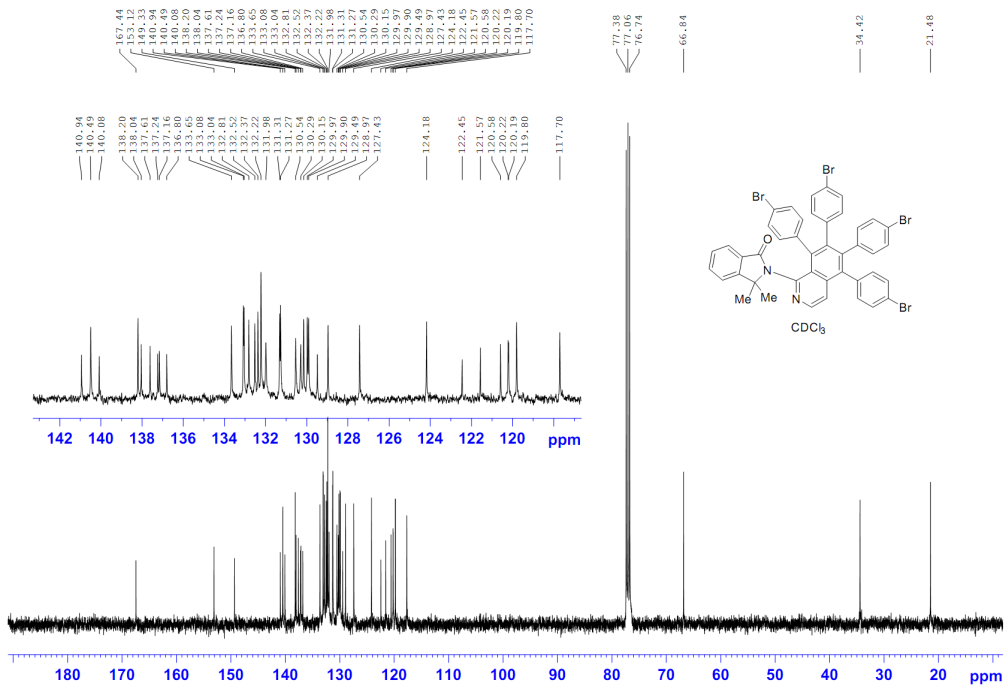
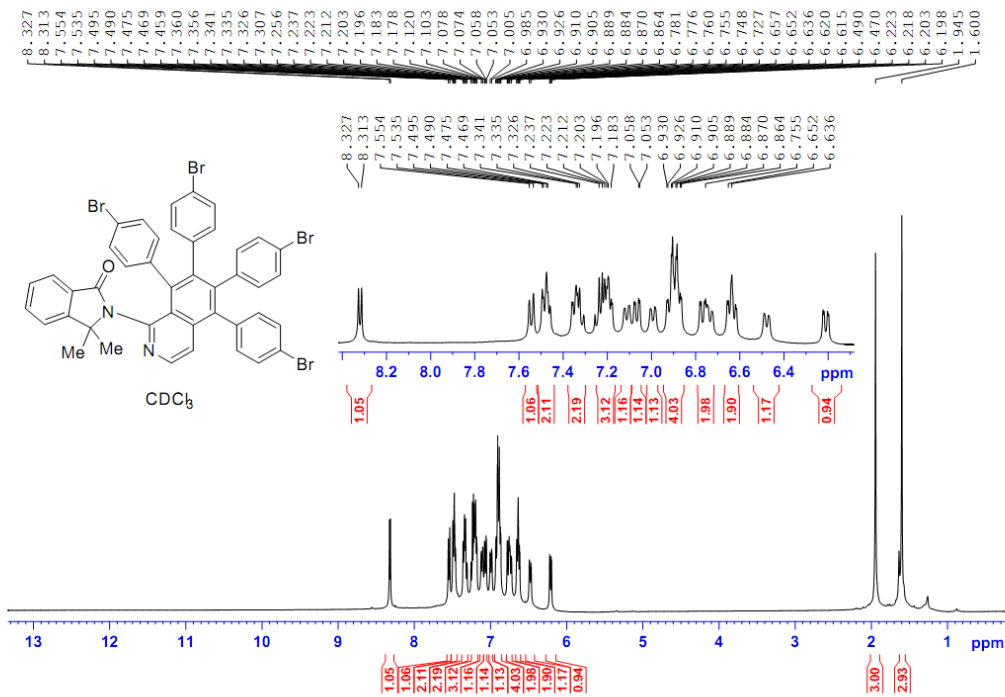


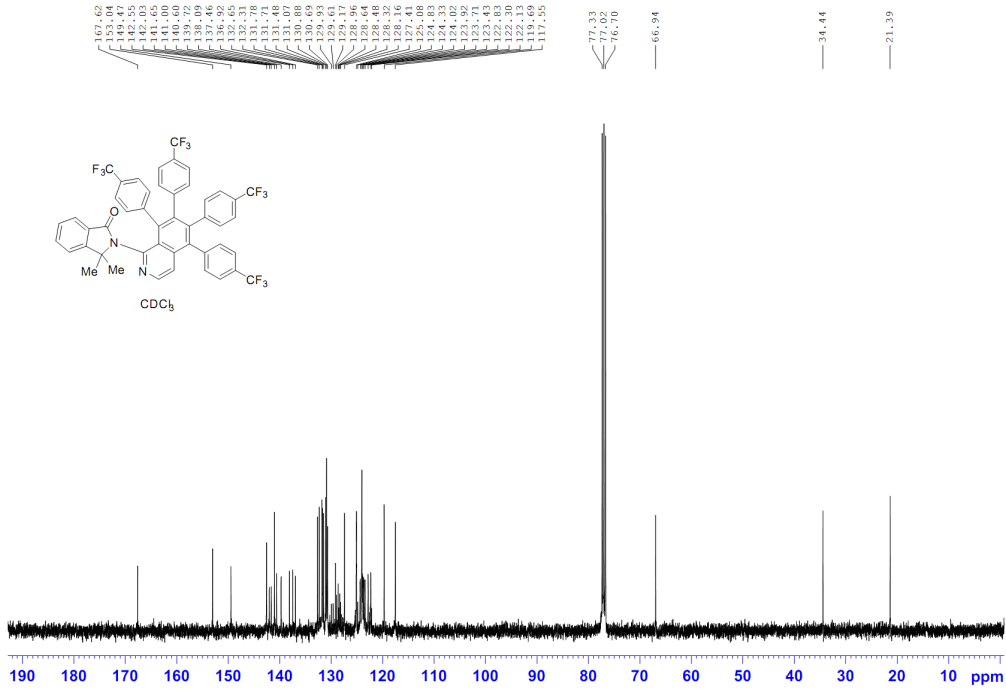
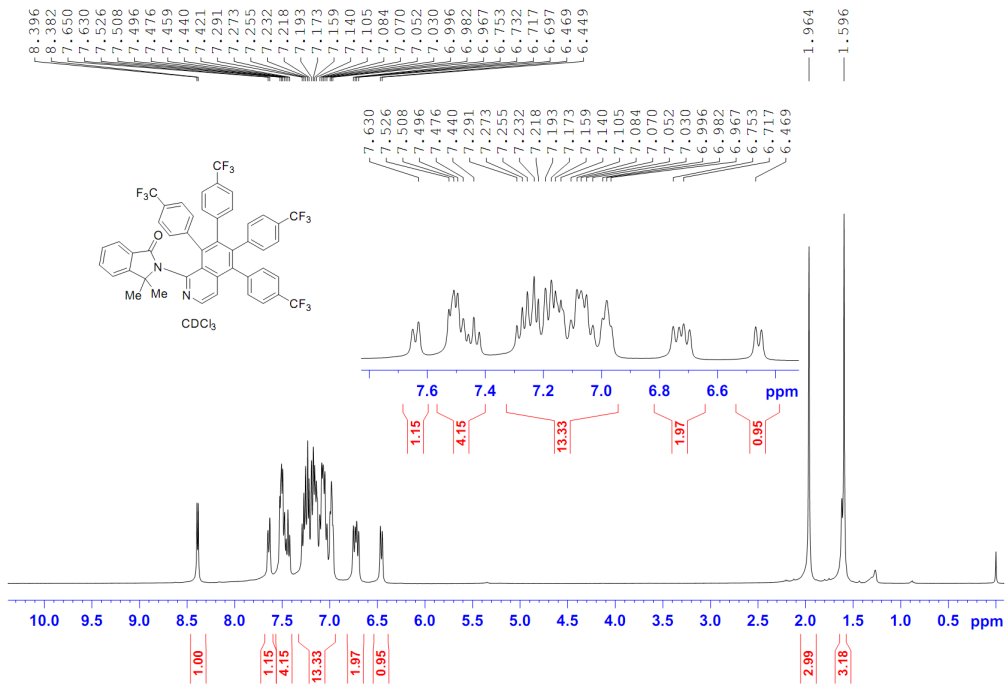


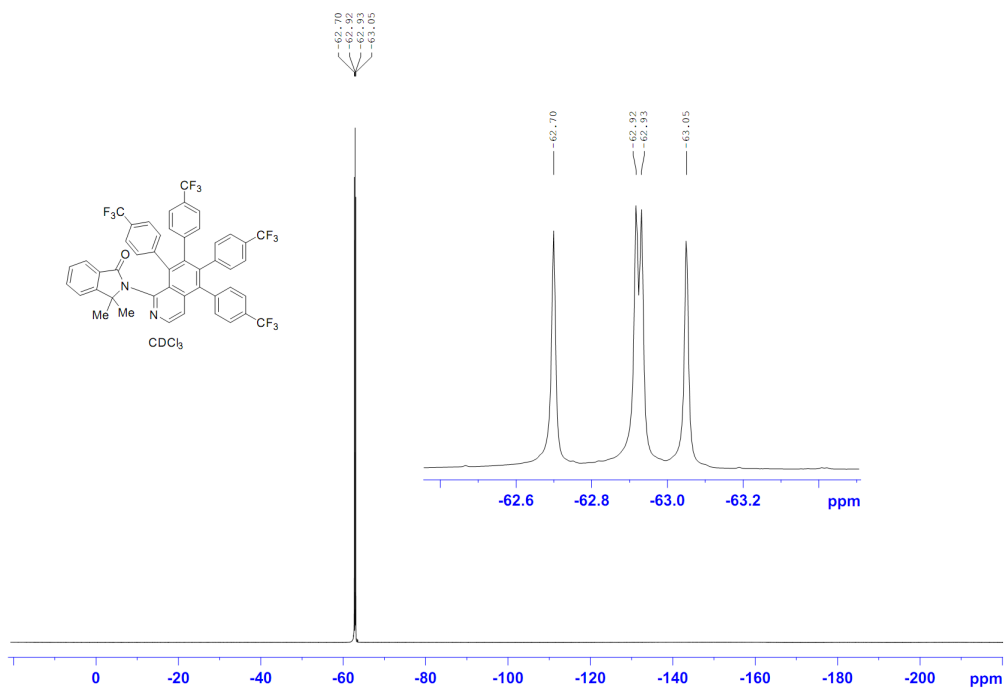


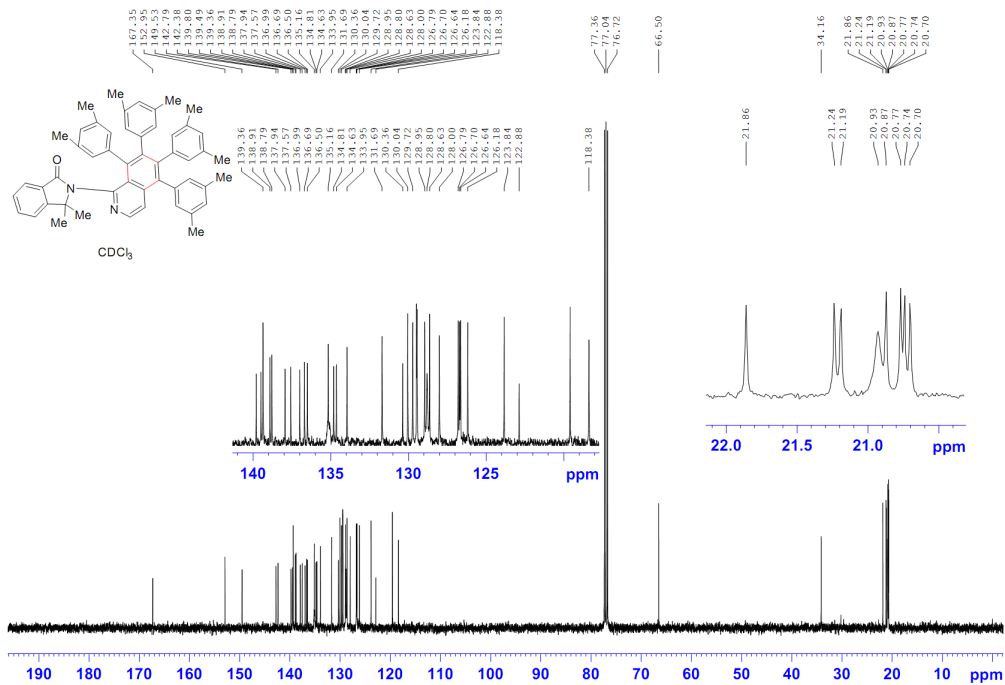
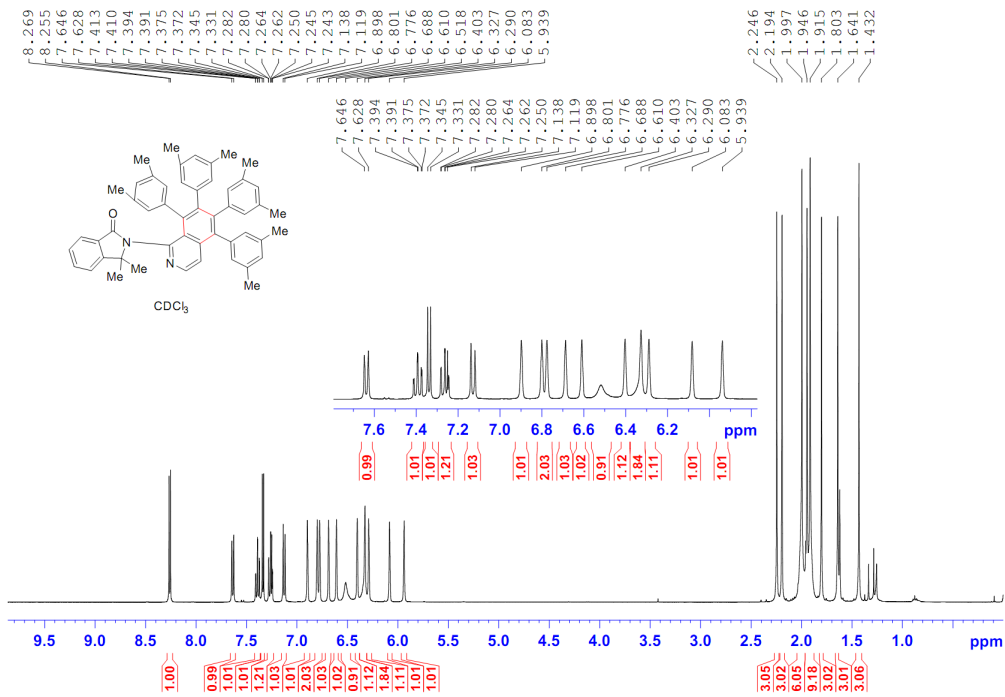


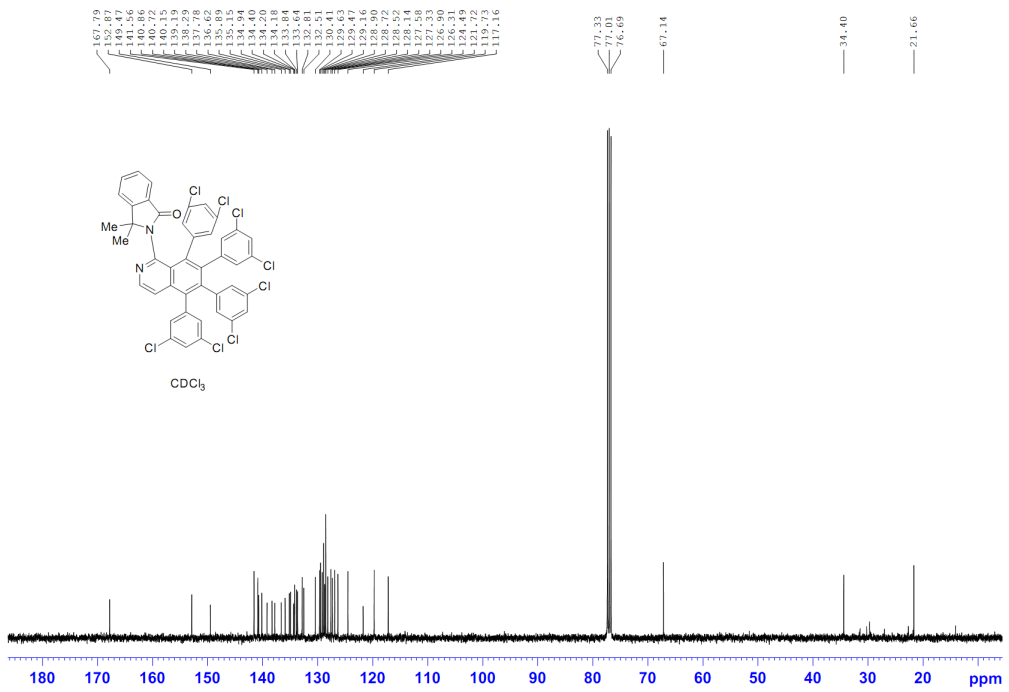
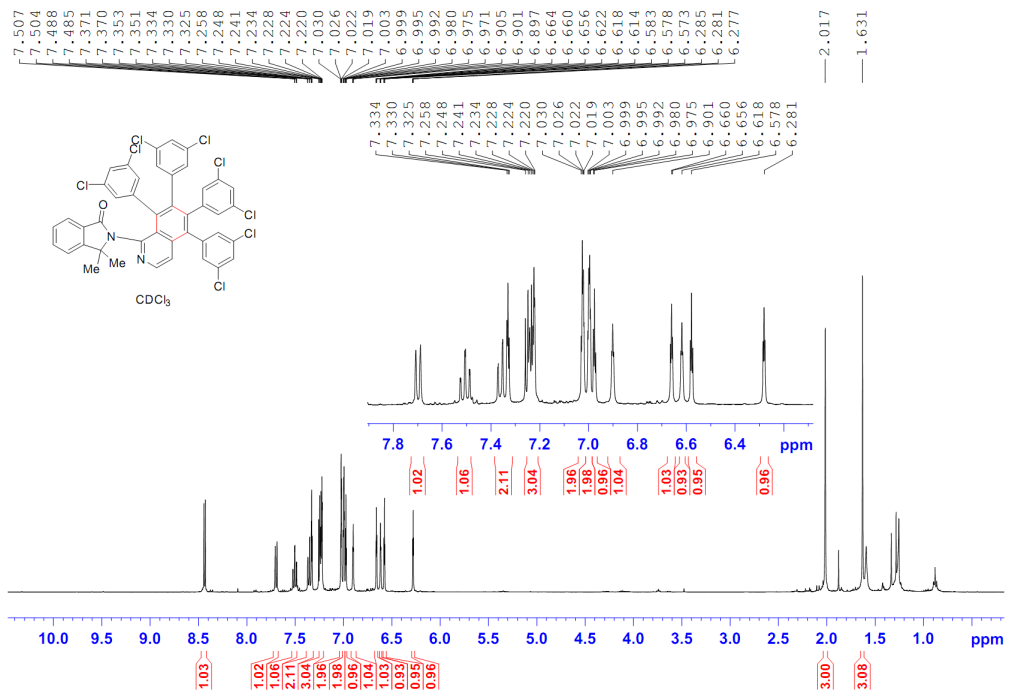


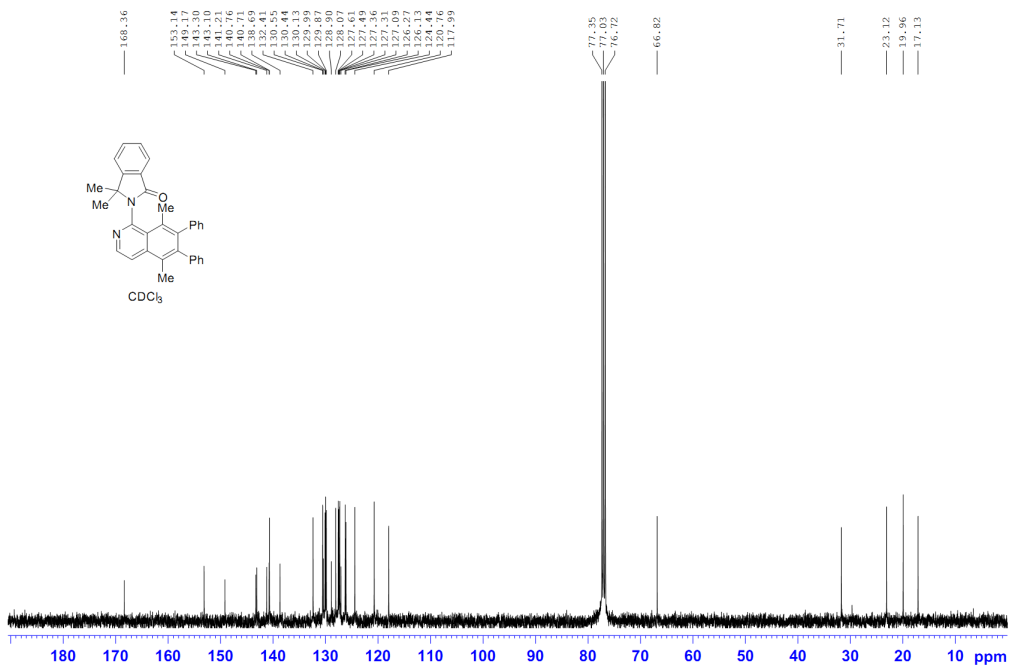
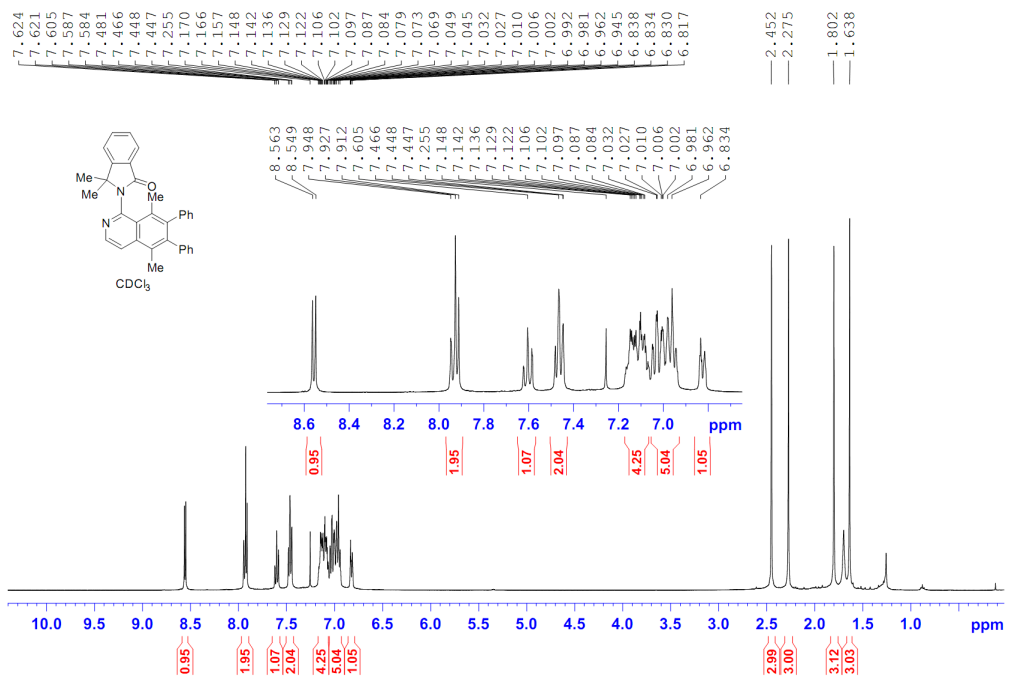


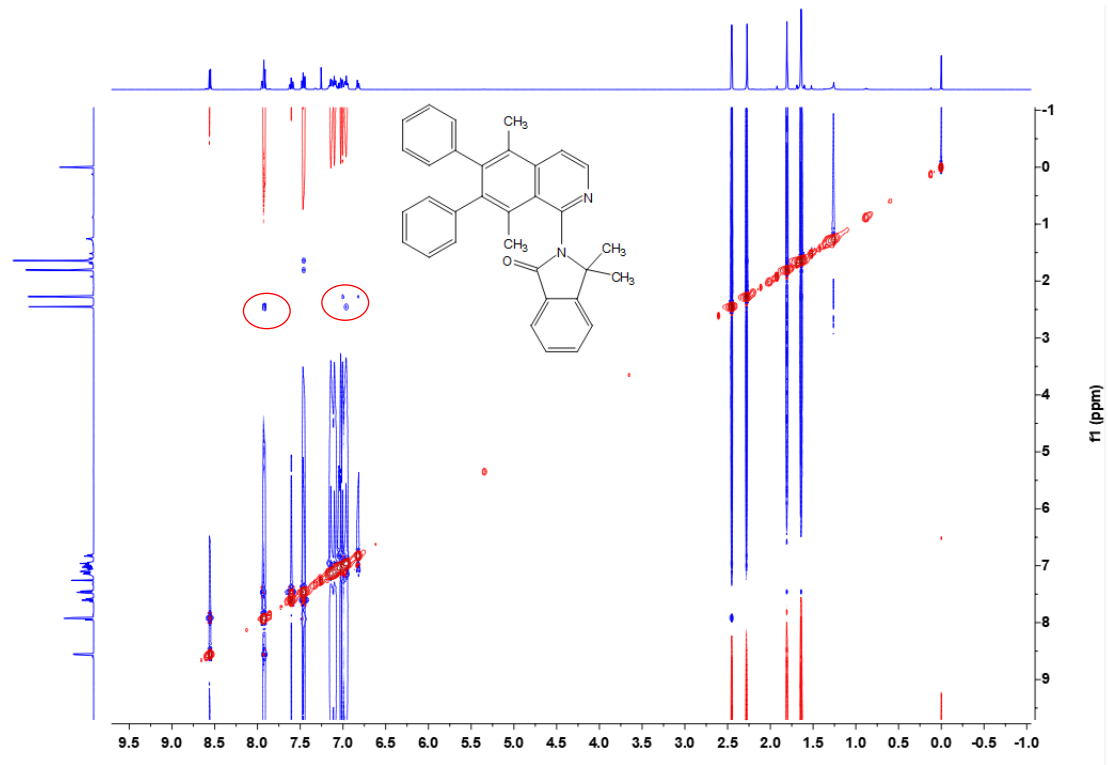




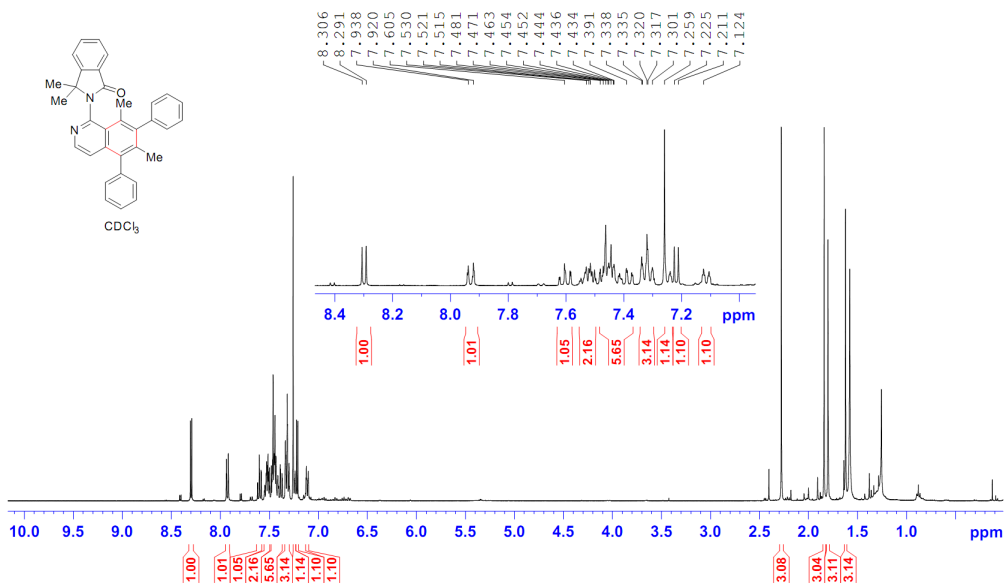


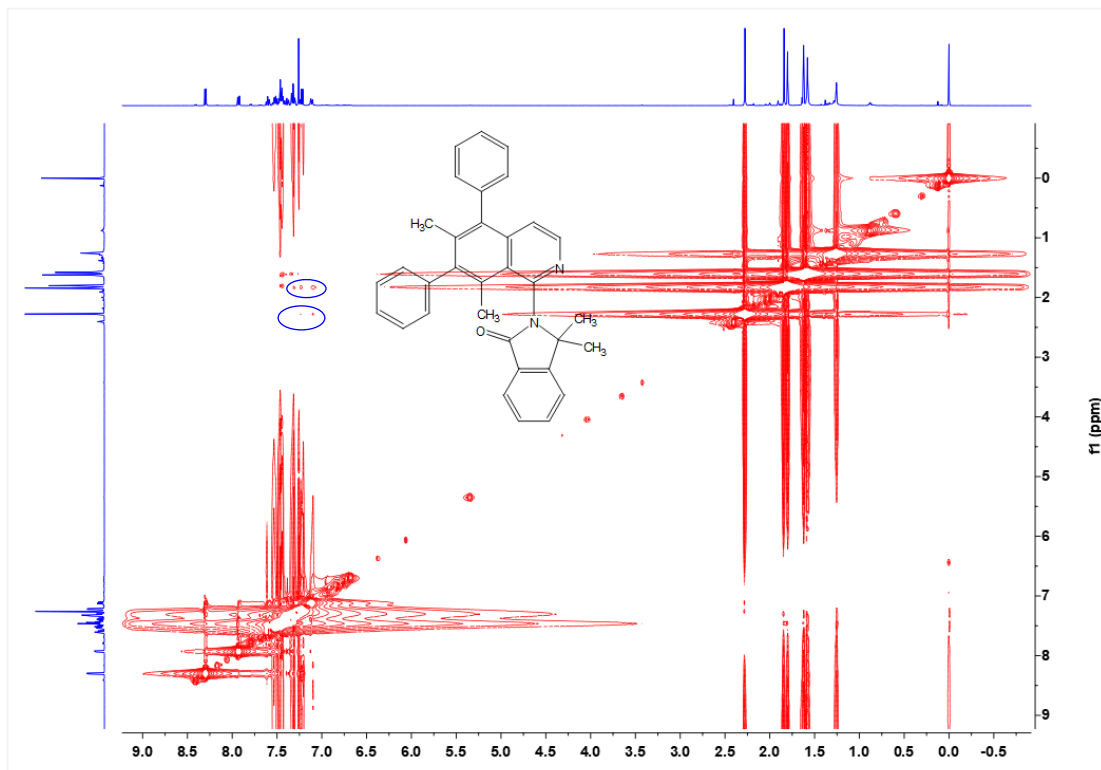
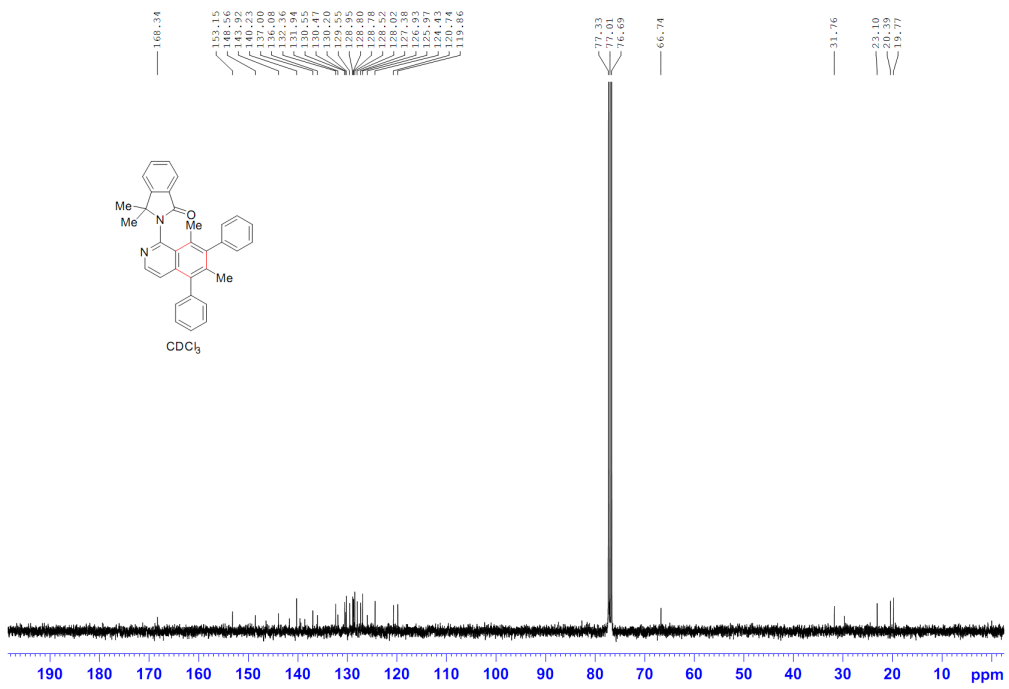


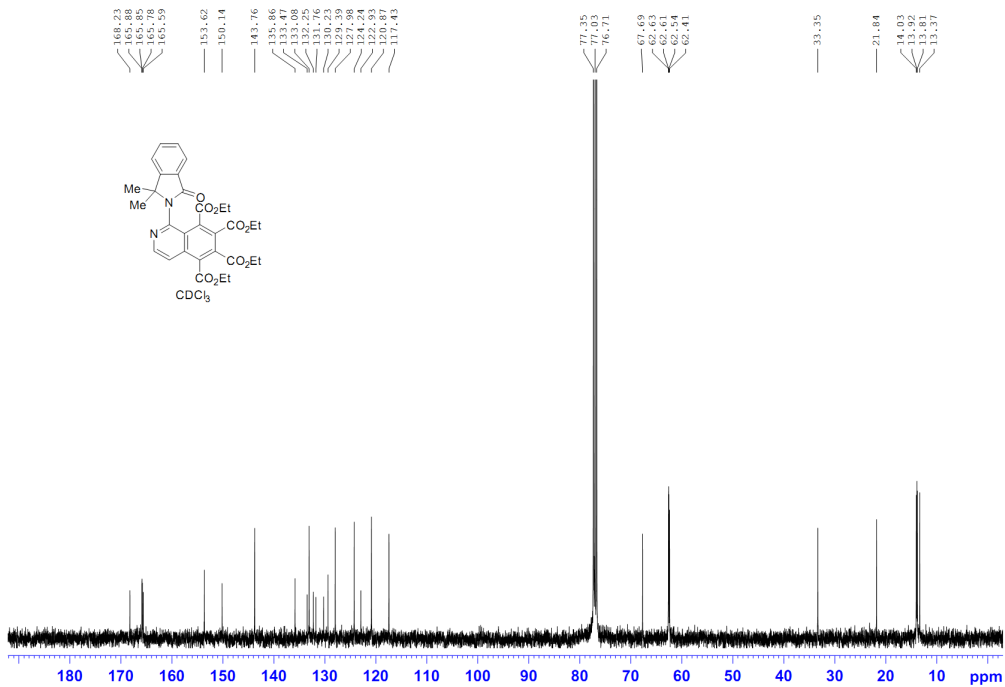
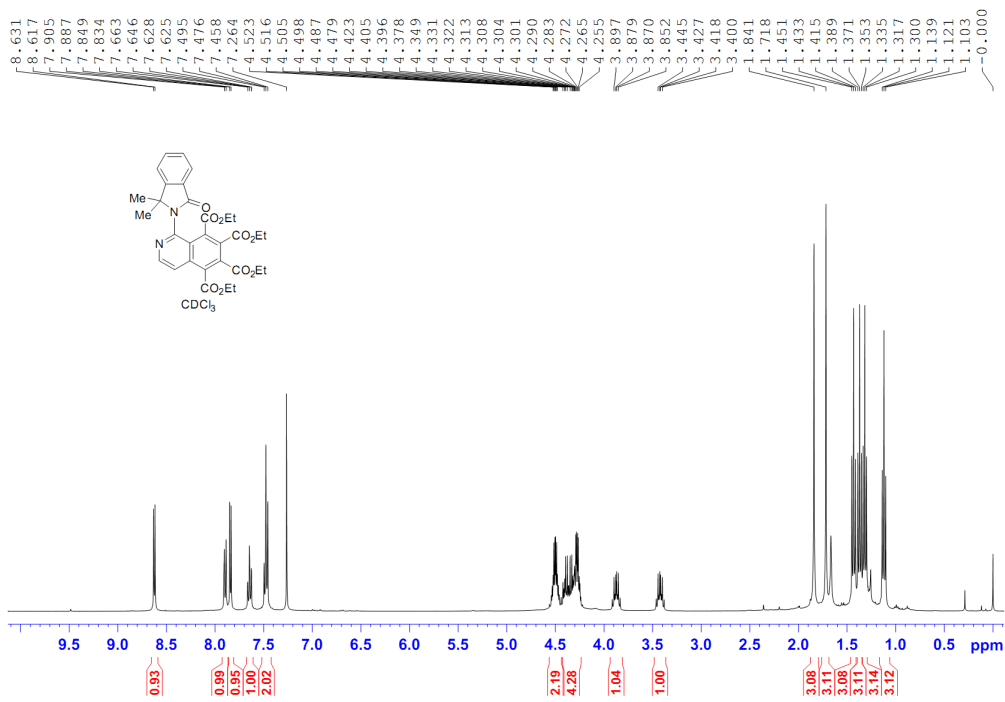


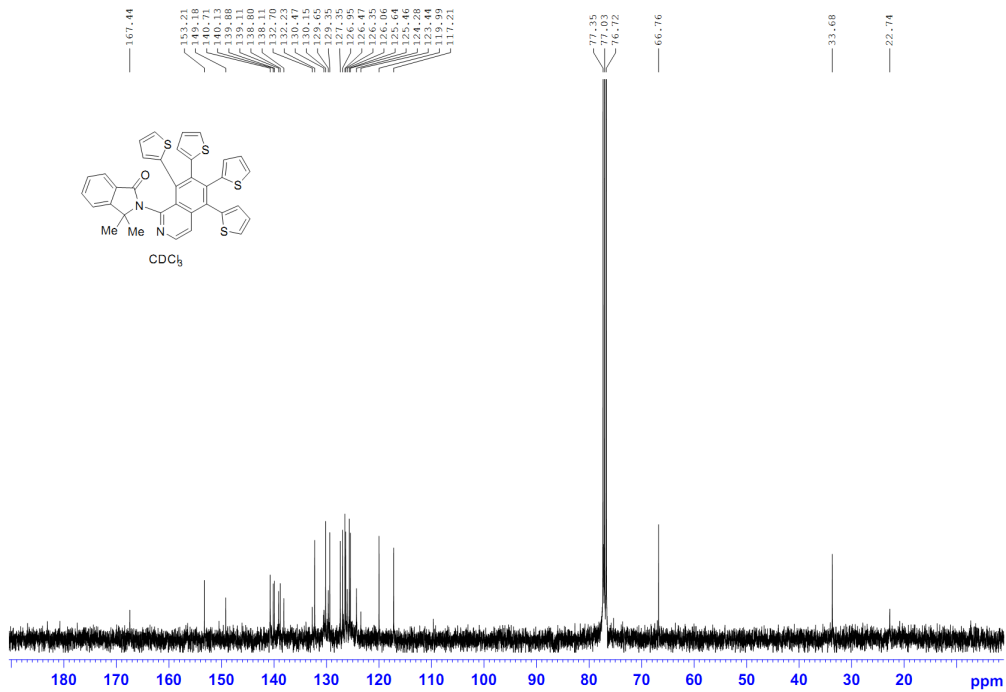
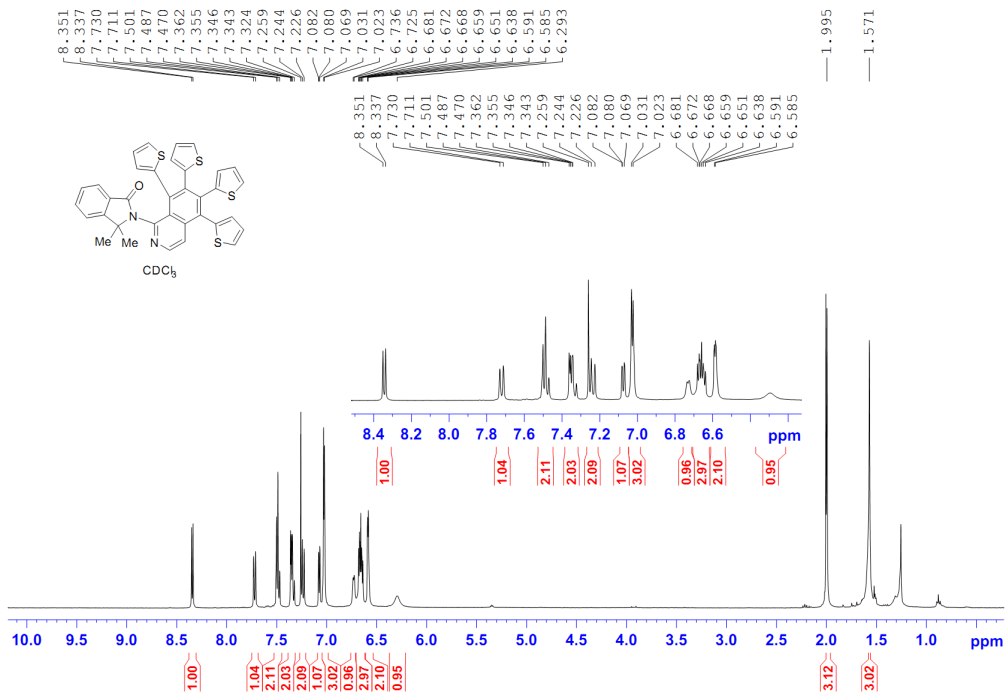


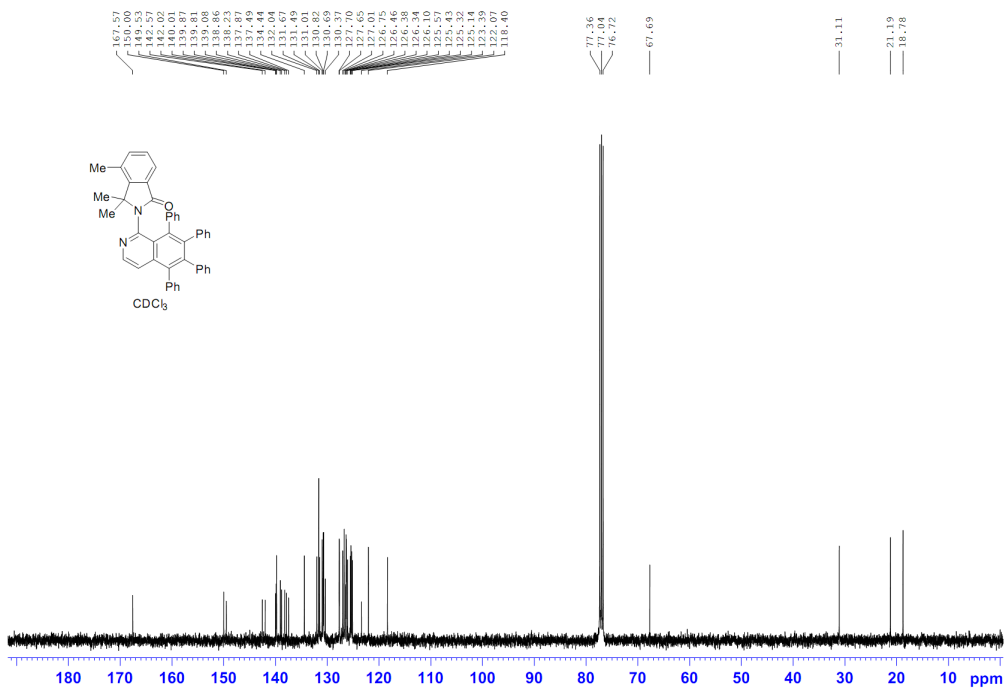
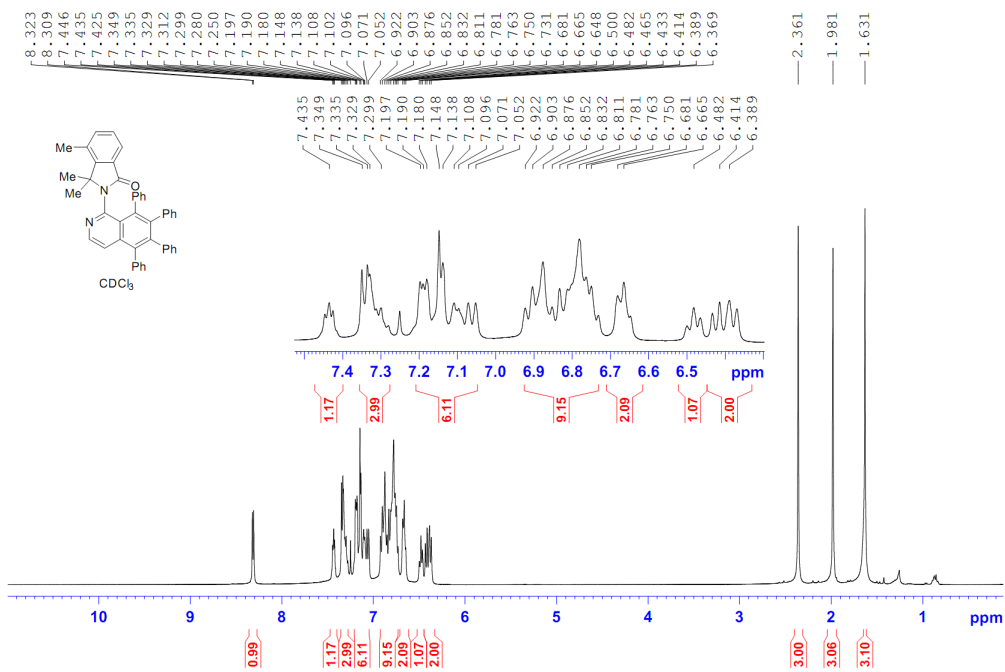
8.306
8.291
7.941
7.938
7.923
7.920
7.918
7.623
7.621
7.605
7.586
7.583
7.548
7.534
7.530
7.521
7.515
7.510
7.501
7.497
7.484
7.481
7.475
7.471
7.530
7.463
7.521
7.454
7.481
7.452
7.471
7.444
7.436
7.434
7.424
7.418
7.452
7.415
7.444
7.411
7.407
7.434
7.391
7.388
7.372
7.335
7.370
7.320
7.338
7.317
7.301
7.259
7.317
7.225
7.304
7.211
7.301
7.294
7.259
7.242
7.239
7.225
7.211
7.127
7.124
7.120
7.120
7.108
7.105
2.277
1.841
1.802
1.623

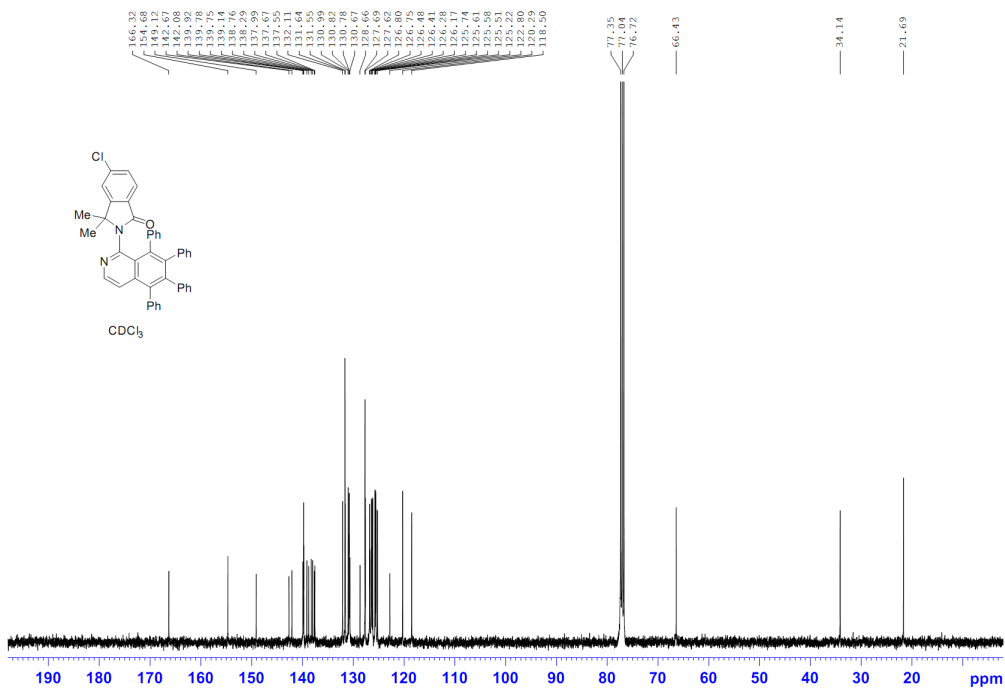
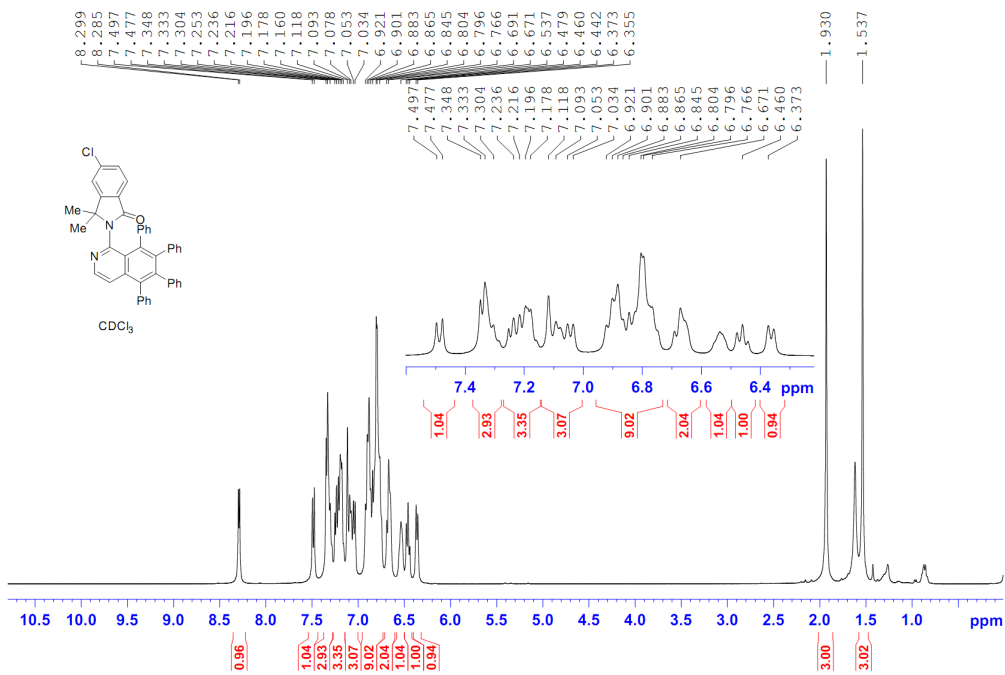


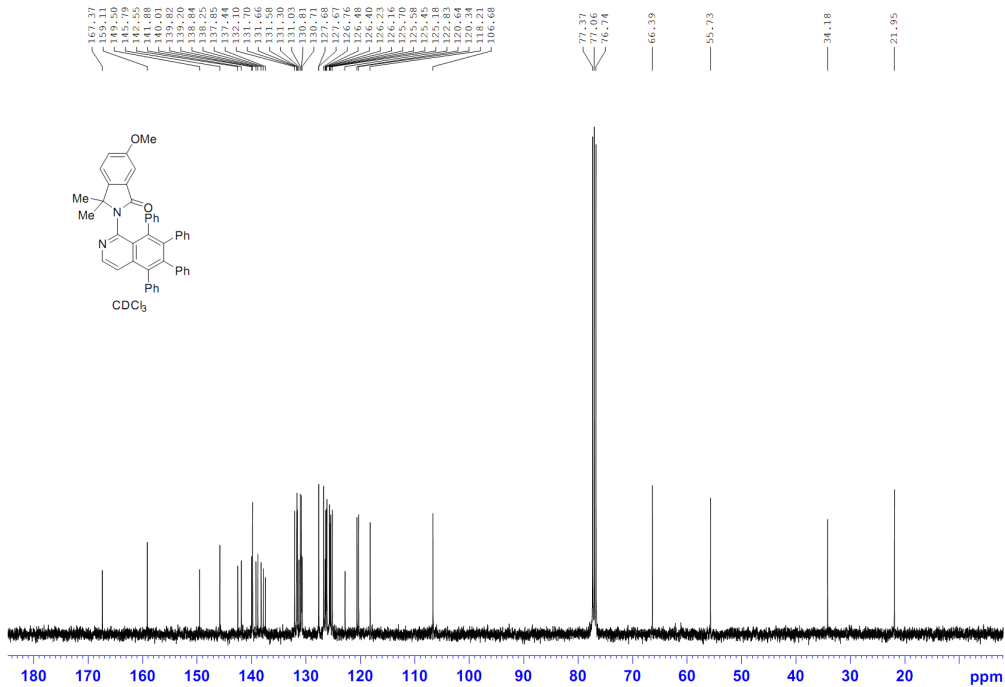
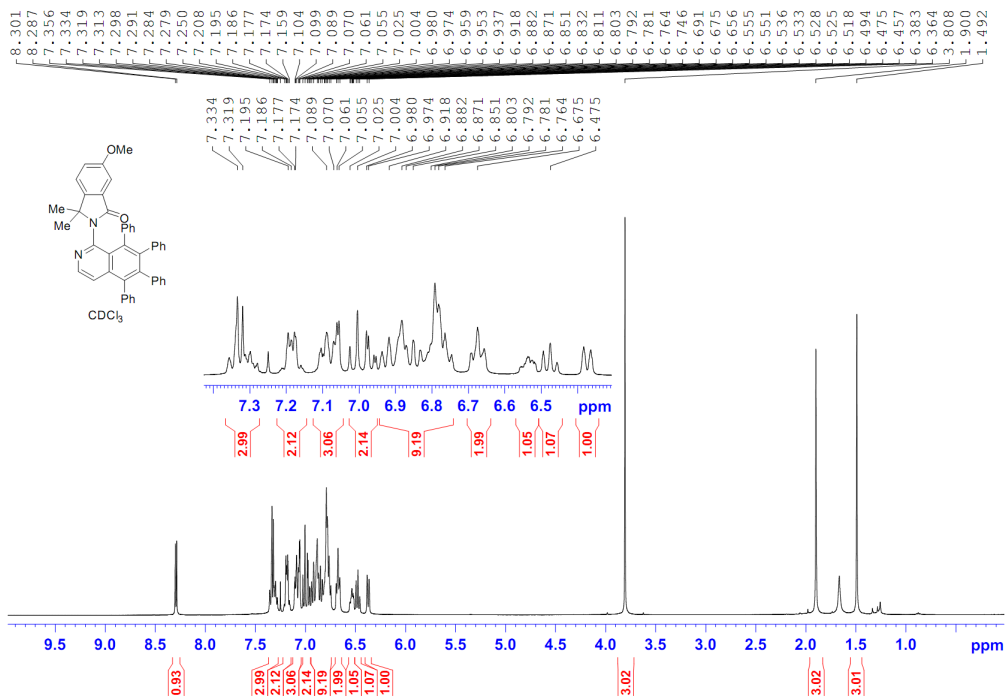


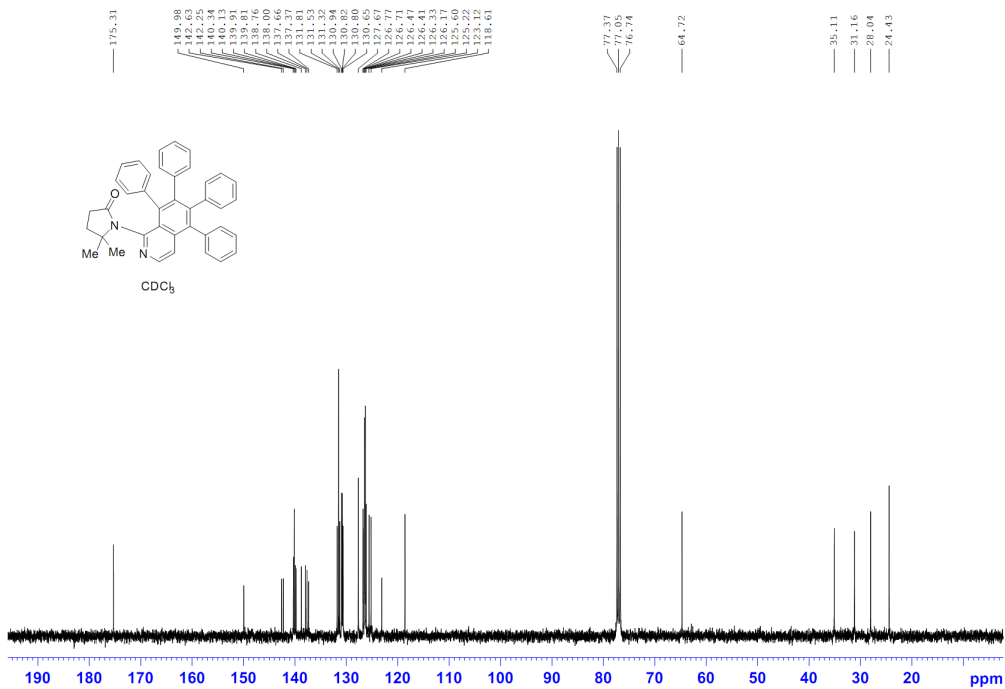
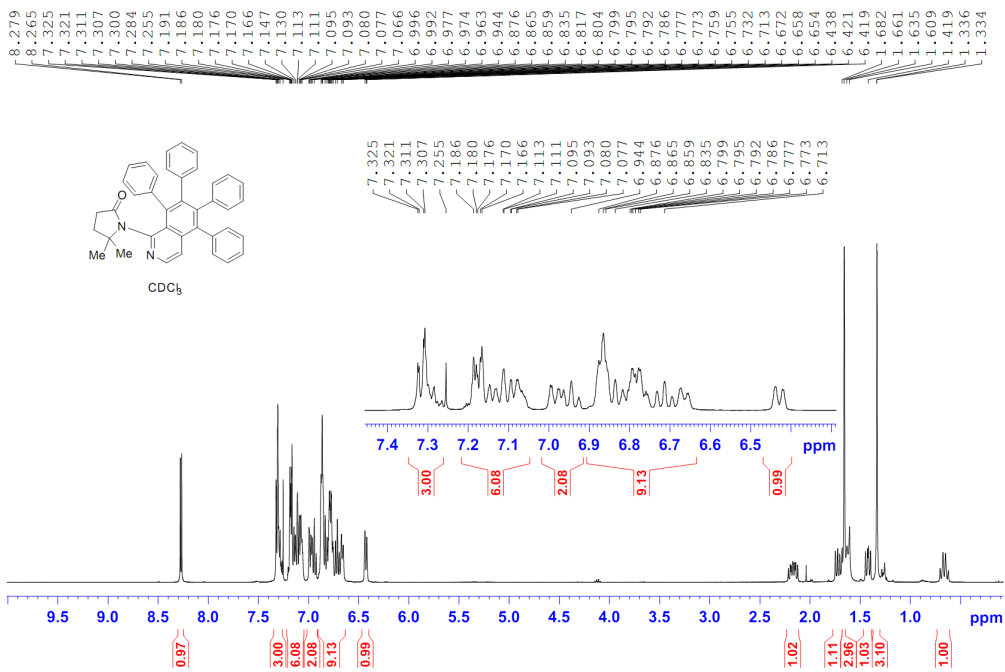


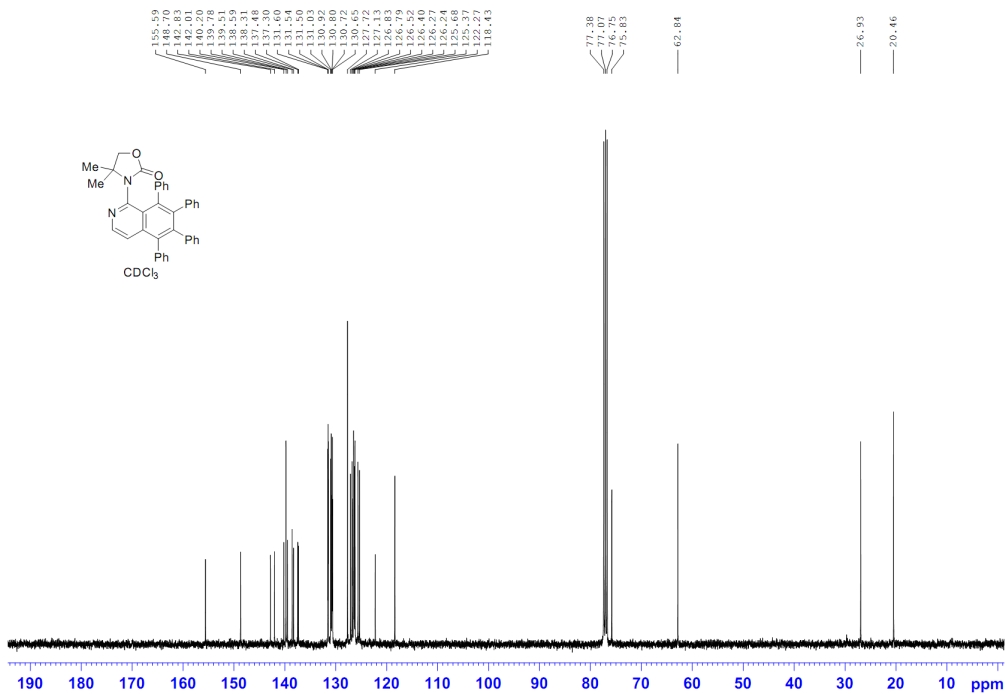
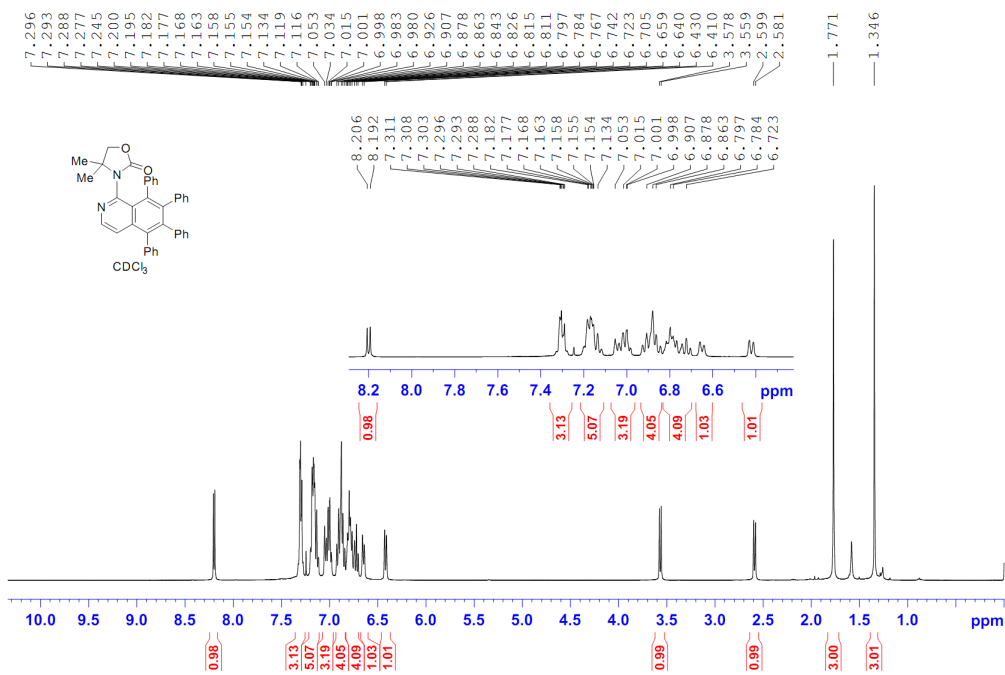


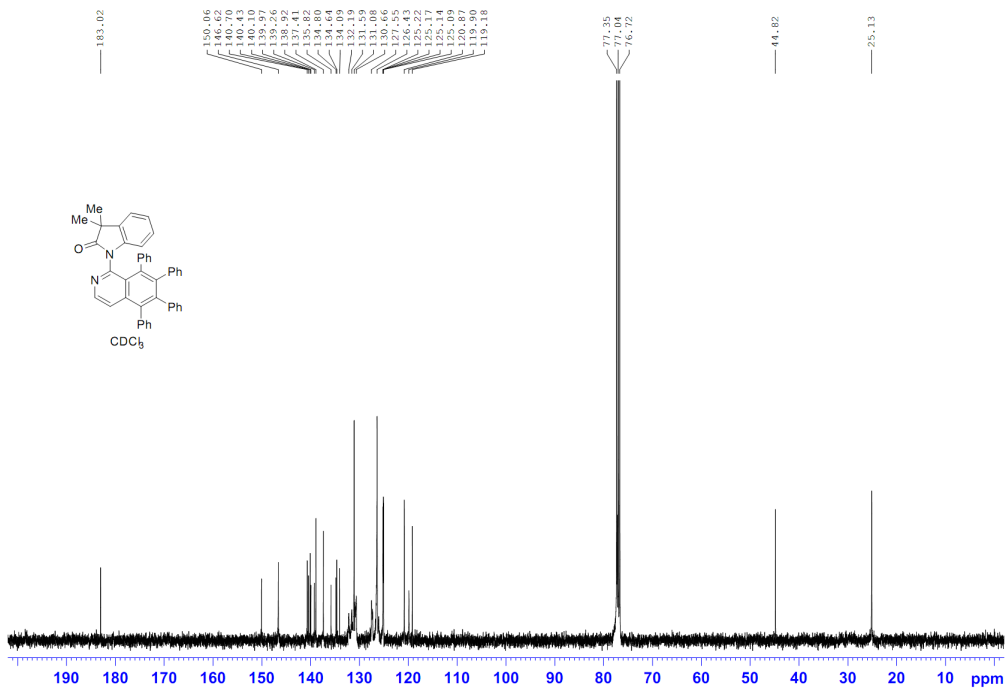
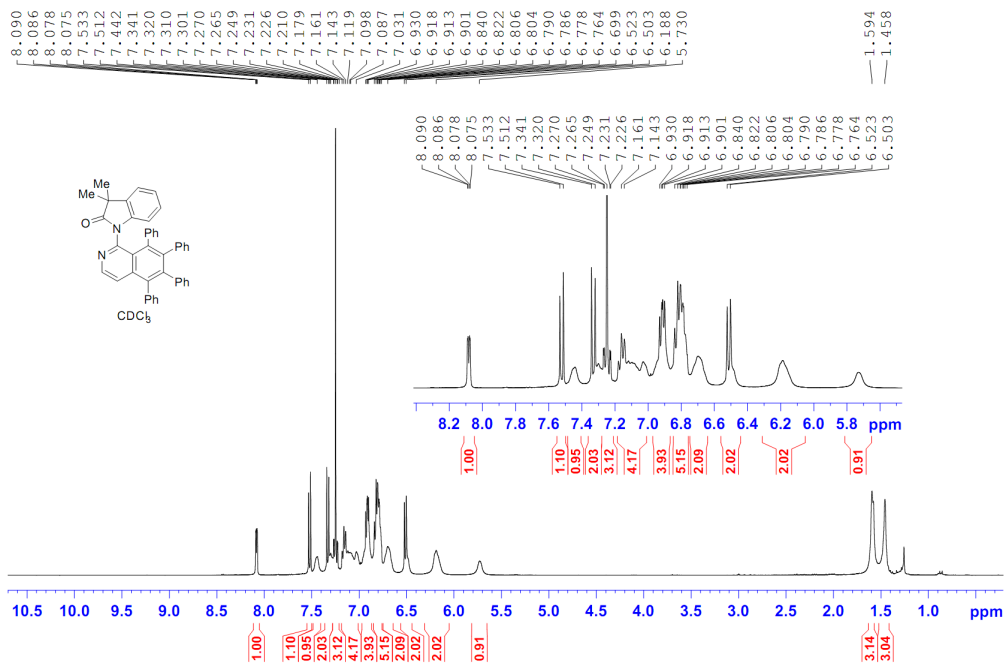


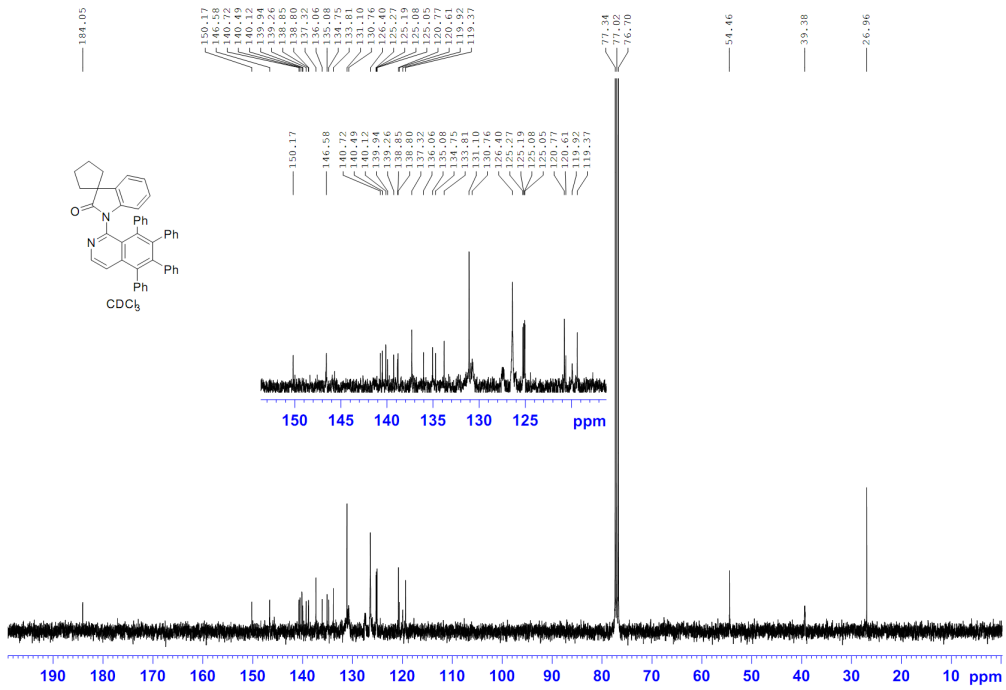
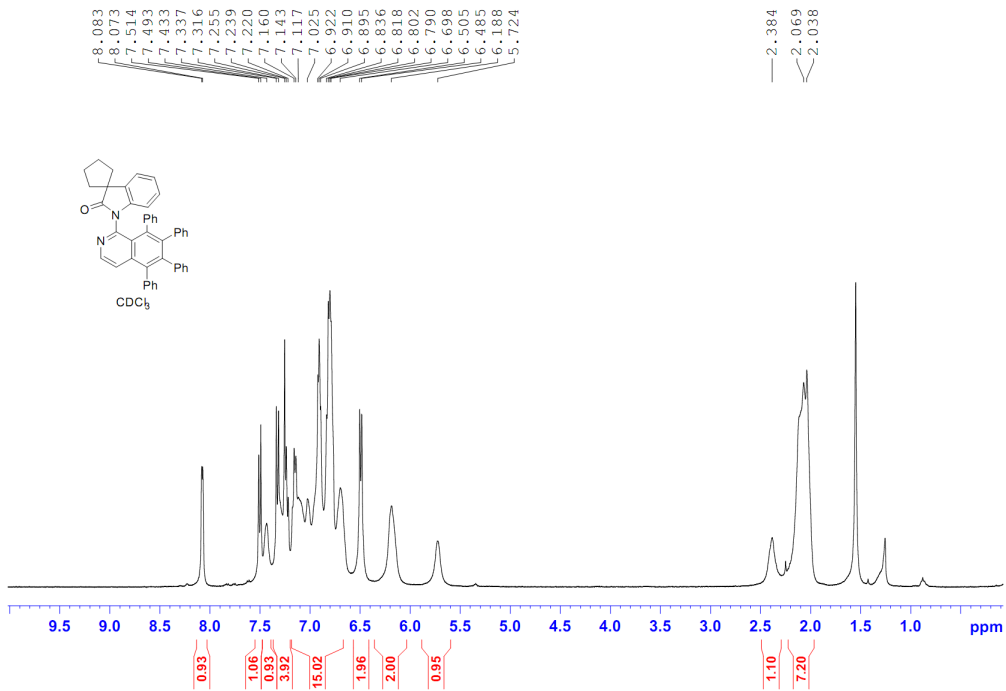


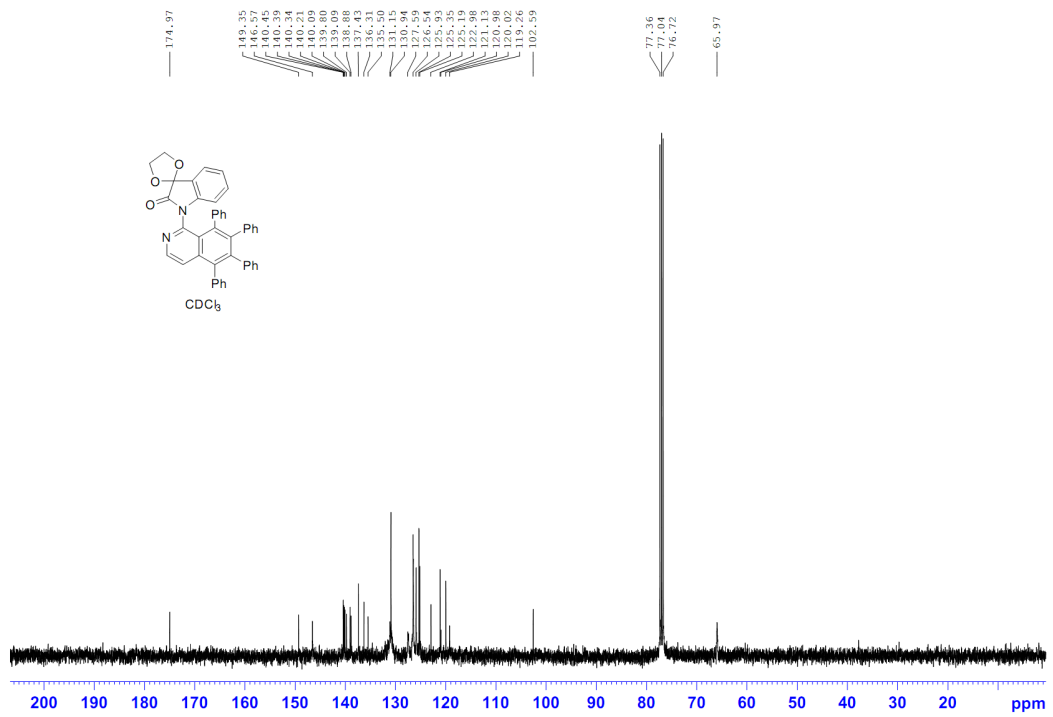
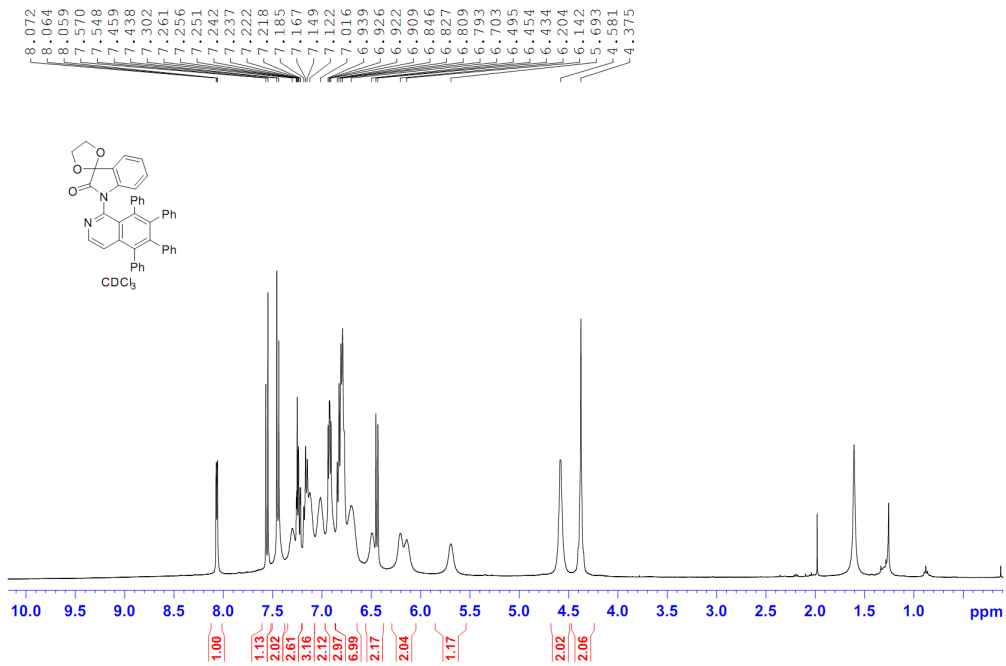




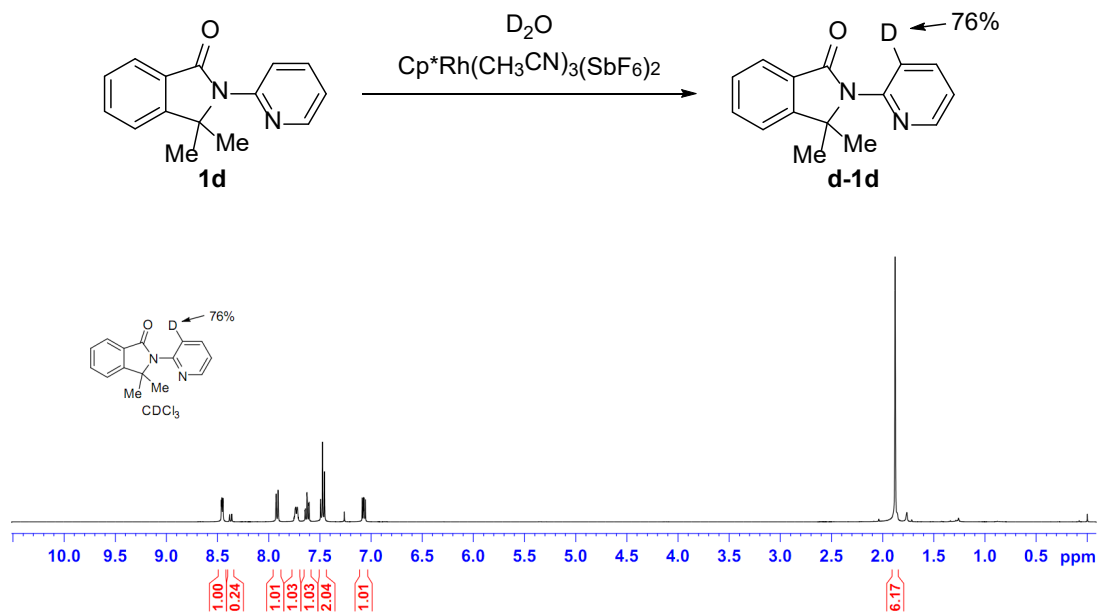




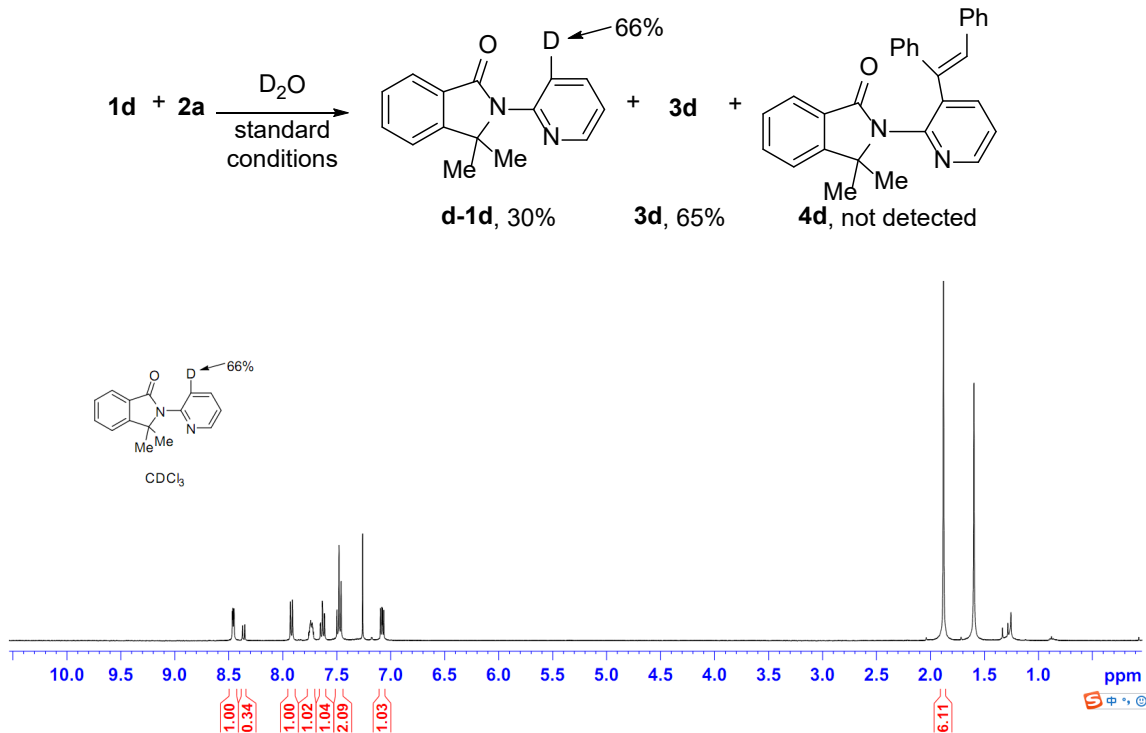




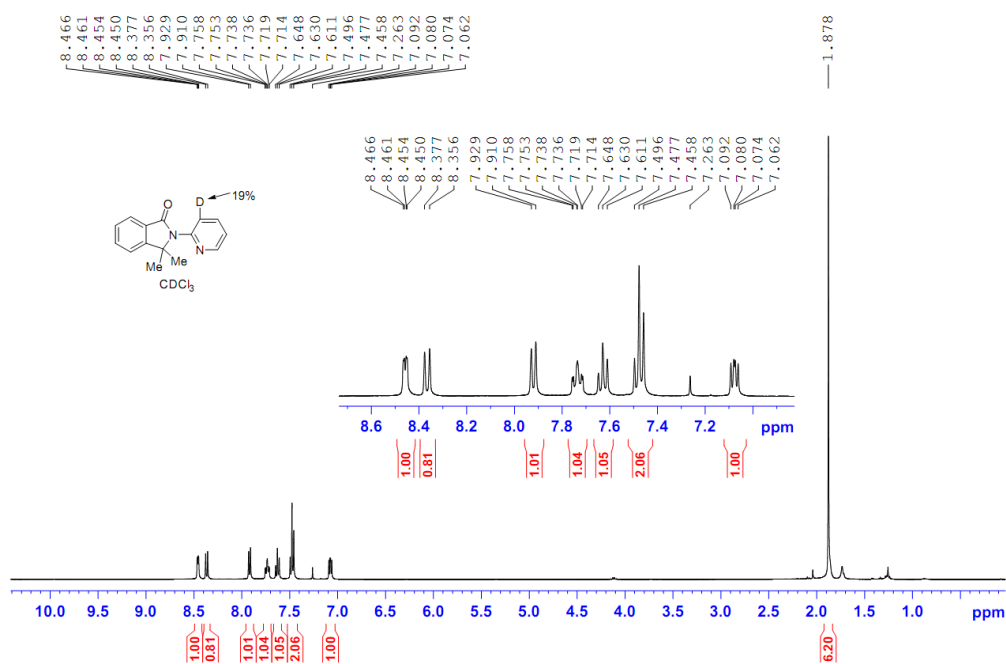
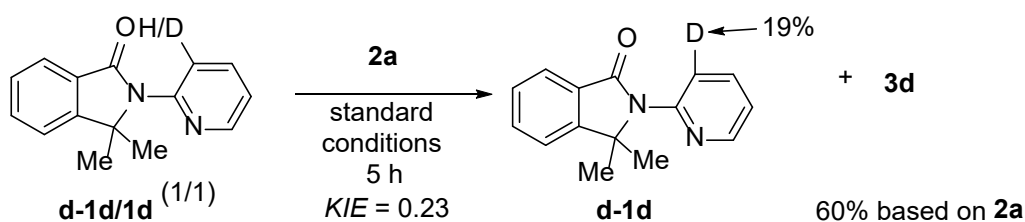
(Eq 1) In a 25 mL Schlenk tube was changed of **1d** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), D₂O (2 equiv), Cp*Rh(CH₃CN)₃(SbF₆)₂ (5 mol%) and AgOAc (2.2 equiv) in DCE (1 mL). The mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 24 h. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was directly loaded onto a silica gel column which was then eluted with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (PE/EA = 5/1, v/v) to afford the **d-1d**.



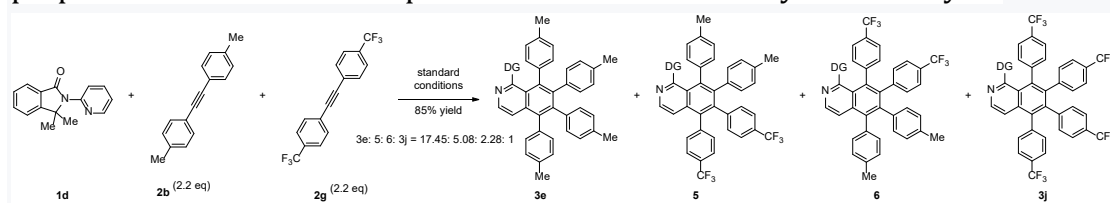
(eq 2) In a 25 mL Schlenk tube was changed of **1d** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **2a** (2.4 equiv), D₂O (2 equiv), Cp*Rh(CH₃CN)₃(SbF₆)₂ (5 mol%) and AgOAc (2.2 equiv) in DCE (1 mL). The mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 24 h. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was directly loaded onto a silica gel column which was then eluted with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (PE/EA = 5/1, v/v) to afford the **d-1d** (30%) and **3d** (65%).



(eq 3) According to the standard reaction condition, the competitive reactions were conducted by employing 1:1 ratio of **1d** (23.8 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1 equiv.) and **d-1d** (23.9 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1 equiv.) and **2a** (1 equiv.). The mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 5 h. The starting material **1d** and **d-1d** were recovered and detected by ¹H NMR.



(eq 4) In a 25 mL Schlenk tube was changed of **1d** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), **2b** (2.2 equiv), **2g** (2.2 equiv), Cp^{*}Rh(CH₃CN)₃(SbF₆)₂ (5 mol%) and AgOAc (2.2 equiv) in DCE (1 mL). The mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 24 h. After cooling to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered by a short silica gel column to remove the inorganic solid. The filtrate was concentrated and further purified by prep-HPLC. The ratio of four products was determined by HPLC analysis.



2-(7,8-di-p-tolyl-5,6-bis(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)isoquinolin-1-yl)-3,3-dimethylisoindolin-1-one (5): White solid, $R_f = 0.43$, (PE/EA = 10/1, v/v). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.31 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.60 (dd, $J = 8.0, 1.9$ Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.49-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.41 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.28-7.24

(m, 1H), 7.19-7.14 (m, 4H), 7.06 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.90 (dd, $J = 8.0, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.76-6.74 (m, 2H), 6.67-6.63 (m, 2H), 6.57 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.24 (td, $J = 7.7, 1.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 1.93 (s, 3H), 1.74 (s, 3H), 1.61 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 167.28, 153.25, 149.70, 143.68, 142.45, 141.39, 141.37, 140.09, 139.12, 137.62, 135.92, 135.79, 135.60, 135.24, 135.01, 132.01, 131.96, 131.83, 131.37, 131.29, 131.15, 131.02, 130.87, 130.51, 130.02, 129.48, 129.16, 128.15, 127.83, 127.37, 127.31, 127.22, 126.86, 126.24, 125.36 (q, $J = 7$ Hz), 124.85 (q, $J = 3.9$ Hz), 124.36, 123.86, 123.65, 122.98, 122.69, 119.56, 117.36, 66.69, 34.37, 21.47, 20.93, 20.54. ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -62.62 (s), -62.67 (s). HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $\text{C}_{47}\text{H}_{34}\text{F}_6\text{N}_2\text{ONa}$ [$\text{M}+\text{Na}$] + 779.2473, Found 779.2459.

2-(5,6-di-p-tolyl-7,8-bis(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)isoquinolin-1-yl)-3,3-dimethylisoindolin-1-one (6): Oil, $R_f = 0.56$, (PE/EA = 10/1, v/v). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.33 (d, $J = 5.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.42 (td, $J = 7.5, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.27-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.14 (t, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 4H), 7.04-7.00 (m, 3H), 6.95 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 3H), 6.76-6.69 (m, 3H), 6.60 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 1H), 6.46 (t, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 1.93 (s, 3H), 1.57 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 167.58, 153.02, 149.12, 140.27, 138.89, 138.63, 136.51, 136.16, 136.03, 135.45, 135.36, 132.49, 132.33, 131.84, 131.63, 131.37, 131.02, 130.63, 129.45, 128.54, 128.51, 127.28, 123.97, 123.21, 119.59, 118.53, 66.77, 34.45, 21.43, 21.22, 20.98. ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -62.71 (s), -62.97 (s). HRMS (ESI) Calcd for $\text{C}_{47}\text{H}_{34}\text{F}_6\text{N}_2\text{ONa}$ [$\text{M}+\text{Na}$] + 779.2473, Found 779.2465.

